THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD, MARCH, 1866. "Liberty and Union, One and Inseparable."—WEBSTER. TERMS: $2.00—$1.50 IN ADVANCE.

VOL. 35. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, MAY 10, 1900. NO. 11.

STORE NEWS.

NEW SILKS.

Worthy weaving, reliable dyeing and artistic printing are exemplified as never before in the foulard silks we have gathered for your picking.

LADIES' WRAPPERS.

All daintily pretty, all cosily comfortable. A variety of styles, mostly of calico with revers, yokes, ruffles and other fanciful adornments. Savingly priced.

LADIES' SUITS.

There is not a suit in this stock that is not well made. There is not one that is not right up to date in cut, style and finish. All at unmachable prices.

CARPETS AND MATTINGS.

This Carpet and Matting section of ours is a vertible school. It teaches what is new and best in floor coverings. It educates as to prices too. Pay this store a visit.

DRESS GOODS.

We always keep in close touch with the best dress goods houses. It enables us to give you the very newest creations in dress goods as soon as they are produced.

WOMEN'S BELTS.

Never before did this leather goods stock gather such a comprehensive assortment of belts. The fashion fixers claim greater popularity for belts than ever before.

WALL PAPER.

None but the latest designs in wall paper at this store. We have used some of our best wall paper intelligence in gathering it together for you. Prices low. Quality high.

LACE CURTAINS.

Buy them now—and here. Why? Because of a most entising state of curtain—price affairs.

M. C. TULIS.

SPRING TIME AT THE

H. C. OLMSTED STORE.

Now is the time you want floor coverings.

Carpets, Matting, etc.

We've got "em." Elegant line of Tapestry, all wool Ingrains, some that are not all wool, Rag, Jute, etc. No sample business. We measure and match the carpets in your presence.

Largest line of Mattings. All prices, from the cheapest to the best cotton chain matting.

Window Shades.

The largest, best and cheapest line of Lace Curtains ever shown in Emporium.

All cotton goods are advancing in price.

Muslins.

We have an nice assortment of Muslins, Prints, Ginghams, Percales, Satines, etc., which you will save money by buying now.

Dress Goods.

Our line of dress goods is fine. Crepones, Venetions, all colors in patterns; no two alike.

Beautiful "Foulard" Silks, hemstiched, all colorings. The proper thing for Shirt Waists.

Choice assortment of dress Skirts from 50c, to $5.00.

Gents' Furnishings.

Pants, Shirts, Overalls, Blouses, Hosiery, Neckwear, etc.

Staple Groceries.

Teas, Coffee, Tobacco, Granulated Sugar, 6c at present. Also everything in the grocery line.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Assignee.

W. H. CRAMER'S

POPULAR VARIETY STORE.

New arrivals in the 1900 styles of

LADIES' TAILOR-MADE SUITS and SKIRTS,

of the newest style and best makes.

LADIES' JACKETS and CAPES.

Ladies' Laundered and Mercerized Shirt waists of newest patterns. Calico and Percal Wrappers. All kind of yard goods, Corsets, Gloves, Hosiery, Notions, Household Furnishing Goods, Silver, China, Glass, Agate, Tin and Crockery Ware.

Also a good line of Wall Paper, Window Curtains and Oil Cloth.

W. H. CRAMER.

OLD RELIABLE DRUG STORE'S

Prescription Department is up to date in every particular. Hundreds will attest to the very low prices. 30 years experience.

Wall Paper.

2000 rolls at 3c per roll. A great variety of high grade paper at greatly reduced prices.

Paints! Paints! Paints!

Paints, oils and varnishes, a full line. Enamel paints, varnishes and stains, in all colors.

Fishing Tackle.

Save money! Call for your Prescriptions, Wall Paper, Paints, Oils Fishing Tackle.

L. TAGGART, Prop.

Census Enumerators.

Supervisor of Census, Milton H. Stebbins, of Wellsboro, Pa., writes the PRESS that the following Enumerators have been appointed for Cameron county:

No. 1.—Sydney G. McElwain, Driftwood, Pa., for Driftwood and Gibson.
No. 2.—Adolphus C. Blum, Emporium, Pa.
No. 3.—Jackson H. Baird, Sinnamahoning, Pa., Grove township.
No. 4.—Geo. W. Gentry, Sterling Run, Pa., Lumber and Portage townships.
No. 5.—William L. Thomas, Shippen township.

Each enumerator will wear a large badge made of silver, and the work that has been assigned him must be completed in thirty days after June 1st. The four principal reports on population, mortality, agriculture and manufacturers, must be printed by July 1, 1902. After that, tabulation of special inquiries will be taken up. The compensation of Enumerators is fixed by law and a rate of two cents for each living inhabitant, two cents for each death, fifteen cents for each farm, and twenty-five cents for each productive industry is provided for all sub-divsions where such allowance shall be deemed sufficient. In other sub-divisions where higher per capita rates are to be paid, according to the difficulty of enumeration, the maxium rate will not exceed three cents for each death, twenty cents for each farm and thirty cents for each productive industry, while in sub-diuisions where per diem rates are established, having reference to the nature of the region to be canvassed and the density or sparseness of settlement, or other considerations pertinent thereto, the compensations allowed to Enumerators will not be less than three, nor more than six dollars per day of ten hours' actual field work each.

Will Rebuild.

C. A. Van Lew was a PRESS caller on Tuesday and informed us that the Strayer, Rentz & Van Lew mill recently destroyed by fire on Montour's Run would be rebuilt at once. In fact men are already at work.

Death's Doings.

Mrs. Ines M. Ordiway, died at her home near Port Allegany on Wednesday, May 2nd, aged 32 years. Mrs. Ordiway was daughter of W. Bigler Housler of this place, and has been a sufferer of heart decease for a number of years. She is survived by a husband and three children, who deeply mourn the loss of a devoted wife and mother.

Died in Alaska.

Peter Fredette, who left this place six years ago to seek his fortune in Alaska, died at Juneo, April 18th, aged 55 years. Father Downey received a letter from St. Annis Hospital, at Juneo informing him of the death and directed the Father to break the sad news to the family of the deceased, who reside at this place. Mrs. Fredette and her four children are indeed to be pitied in their sad condition. Mr. Fredette had been in poor health for two years and died of hemorages of the lungs. He allowed his C. M. B. A. insurance to lapse, leaving his family in this cold world without any means of support. The PRESS deeply sympathizes with the widow and fatherless children, as no doubt our people will when they hear the sad news.

Returned from Canada.

Our greatly esteemed townsman Mr. Henry Auchu, of the lumber firm of C. B. Howard & Company, returned last Tuesday evening from St. Flavia, Quebec, where he was called on account of the fatal illness of his mother, who passed away last Thursday, in her 75th year. It is a great consolation to Mr. Auchu to know that he arrived in time to be recognized by his aged parent and engage in conversation with her. The funeral took place last Saturday morning. It is only eight months since Mr. Auchu's father died, in his 83rd year. Only two members of the family survive the parents—Mr. Auchu and one brother.

New Powder Works.

A number of Emporium gentlemen have formed a company for the manufacture of high explosives, representing, we are informed, a capital of $50,000. They have purchased 300 acres of land near Emporium, on Catlin Hollow, and commenced last Monday clearing land, building roads, etc., preparatory to erecting the necessary buildings. Thus one more manufacturing plant will be added to Emporium, giving employment to a large number of men and boys. We welcome the new company and be peak for them a profitable business.

Creamery Leased.

Henry A. Gram, of Lodi, O., has arrived in town and leased the Emporium Creamery. He expects to have the plant in operation within a few days.

Cameron County Highly Honored.

The PRESS, we regret, failed to mention in our last issue the high compliment paid Cameron county by the Republican State Convention, when they named our fellow citizens, B. W. Green, Esq., of Emporium, Delegate-at-Large, and Capt. C. F. Barclay, of Sinnamahoning, Alternate-Delegate-at-Large to the Republican National Convention, to assemble in Philadelphia, June 19th. This great compliment is highly appreciated by the Republicans of this county, more especially so when it is taken into consideration that our little county has only once been honored, then only with a district delegate. The great Republican party of Pennsylvania has complimented our county through the election of Mr. Green and Mr. Barclay, both representative and honorable gentlemen, and we bespeak an old-time Republican majority in little Cameron, thereby showing our friends throughout the State that we appreciate the greatest compliment that has ever been accorded one county in the history of the Republican party of Pennsylvania—two delegates to the Nation's Party Council. The PRESS, and those friends who labored for the election of Mr. Green and Capt. Barclay, have reason to feel proud.

The PRESS had ordered and expected in time for this issue, portrait cuts of our delegates, who will participate in and assist in the re-nomination of the greatest President since Abraham Lincoln, William McKinley. Our engraver has disappointed us, the great rush of orders rendering it impossible to fill our order.

Republicans of Cameron, let us show to our brothers throughout the State that we are worthy of the confidence they have reposed in us. Let us bury for all time, all factional differences, if any exist, and march as one solid column with the great Captain who will lead the grandest party that ever existed on God's green earth, to VICTORY—county, State and Nation.

EMPORIUM HAS

One large Sole Leather Tannery, employing 75 men; one Saw Mill, cutting 100,000 feet of lumber per day, employing 80 men; one Iron Blast Furnace, employing 140 men; one Furniture Factory, the McInnes Steel Works, one large Roller Flour and Feed mill, with a capacity of 150 bbls. of flour and 50 tons of feed and meal per day; one steam Feed Mill; extensive works of the Emporium Machine Company; the Climax Powder Co.'s plant, another Powder Manufacturing Co., now being organized and another Blast Furnace contemplated.

EMPORIUM is situated on two railroads, at the terminus of Western New York and Pennsylvania, and on the Pennsylvania R. R., P. & E. division, direct line from Philadelphia to Erie. Good schools and churches, good water works, unlimited supply of pure water at high pressure, first-class Fire Department. Emporium is the county seat of Cameron county and is bound to grow. Her people are enterprising and industrious and can supply any amount of cheap land for industrial enterprises.

EMPORIUM WANTS.

New manufactories employing anywhere from 10 to 500 men each. We want a Woolen Mill, a Shirt Factory, a Carriage Factory, a Shoe Factory, a Belt Factory, Kindling Wood Factory, a Brush Factory, a Hub and Spoke Factory, a Sash, Door and Blind Factory and various others. Correspondence solicited. Address,

E. O. BARDWELL, M. D., Mayor.

or T. B. LLOYD, Cashier First National Bank, Sec'y Board of Trade.

Emporium, Cameron Co., Pa.

Returned to Puerto Rico.

Peter Van Brackle, a native Puerto Rico boy who came to Emporium last Feb. with Mr. Josiah Howard and party, has returned to his native country. Alex. Macdonnell accompanied him to New York city, last Thursday, and saw him aboard the steamship Ponce, bound for San Juan. Peter says: "Big country, much money. Come back 'gain; write boss for money." We guess boss will say "nit." If he does not we have a faint suspician that some one else, very near the boss, will.

Foot Crushed.

Last Saturday a one-armed tramp, full of Emporium's best fire water, called on our business men, soliciting ten cents from each—when he could not get more. When night came he carried a beautiful load and, as most drunks are in the habit of doing, made his bed on the cinder pile at the furnace. During the night the cinder dump struck him, while he was sleeping off his batch of poor whisky, crushing his right foot and injuring his left leg. The Poor Masters were notified, who took him in charge and caused him to be taken to Hospital Parsons, where Dr. Smith dressed his injuries. The injured man gives his name as James Melarkey of Shamokin, aged 52 years. Poor Master J. W. Kriner took him to Lock Haven Hospital on Tuesday morning. Emporium tax-payers foot the bill and recover, if we can, from his native county.

Death of Mrs. Olive T. Felt.

This estimable lady died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. S. W. Brewer, this morning at 1:10 o'clock. She was the youngest daughter of Joshua Talcott, of Chenango county, N. Y., and was born in Smyrna, N. Y., June 15, 1822.

Her husband, Mr. Eli Felt, died in Raleigh February 5, 1885.

She leaves two daughters, Mrs. S. W. Brewer and Mrs. J. J. Thomas, of this city, and four sons, Messrs. J. P., DeWitt and C. H. Felt, of Emporium, Pa, and E. T. Felt, of Johnstown, Pa.

The remains will be taken to Wake Forest, tomorrow morning at 11:13, where the funeral services will be held at noon.—Raleigh, (N. C.) Times, 3d.

Mrs. Felt will be pleasantly remembered by many of our older citizens who knew her well when she resided in Emporium with her husband and family.

Oil and Gas Company.

For some months a number of gentlemen, known as the "M. M. & M. Co." have been engaged leasing land near Emporium for oil and gas purposes. On Monday last they located well No. 1 on the N. A. Ostrum farm, West Creek. Chas. Martin, of Kane, has the contract to drill the well and Michael Mead, of same place is erecting the derrick. It is expected the drill will start on its downward course next week. The company is composed of gentlemen who have both means and experience in the oil business and will thoroughly test this territory.

The Baccalaureate Service.

The Baccalaureate service, for the graduating class of 1900 of the Emporium High School, was held in the M. E. Church, last Sunday evening. The regular form of service was observed, the local Glee Club, under the able direction of Hon. I. K. Hockley, furnished the music, which was extremely delightful, demonstrating the fact that Emporium possesses vocal talent that is difficult to surpass.

Rev. McCaslin, of the Presbyterian Church, offered the opening prayer and read the Scripture lesson from the New Testament, and Rev. Robertson, Rector of Episcopal Church, read the lesson from Psalms, and offered the concluding prayer. These Reverend gentlemen acquitted themselves nicely in the performance of their respective parts on this occasion.

Rev. Metzler, in his usual sincere Christian manner and method, delivered the sermon to the class, and unconsciously made a great hit with our people. We say he did it unconsciously because he is too sincere a man to discourse for the purpose of making a hit. He used for his text, St. John 18. 37. "Art thou a king? Jesus answered: Thou sayest that I am a king. To this end was I born, and for this cause came I into the world that I should bear witness unto the truth."

The theme was "character," and the eloquence and uniqueness with which the brilliant points were brought out, by flitting illustrations, could hardly be enlarged upon. The subject thus ably presented, was one from which any of the large audience might extract a valuable lesson, and from the numerous expressions of satisfaction, by those in attendance, we are sure it had a very striking moral effect. The class of 1900 could do no better than follow closely the beautiful example of the character so tersely portrayed in the sermon.

N. Seger is offering some of the greatest bargains in clothing and furnishings ever heard of before in this county, and what he tells you in regard to the quality is as good as a guarantee.

Hackett's mill has been shut down several days on account of no logs.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Pasture for one hundred head of cattle on Big Run. Good feed, water and shade. 75 cts. per head per month.
J. G. NYHART.
Beechwood, Pa. 9-3t

HOME WANTED.—Good home wanted for a boy of about eleven years old. Answer at once to Children's Aid Society. MRS. LOGAN, Sec'y.

SHAW'S PURE MALT is free from adulteration, drugs, crude spirits and other harmful ingredients. Absolutely pure. Sold by F. X. Blumle, Emporium, Pa. n2-yl

FOR SALE.—A number of fine dwellings and properties for sale in Emporium. Well located and provided with all modern conveniencies. Terms reasonable. Inquire of
10 4t GREEN & SHAFFER.

LOST—REWARD.—A liberal reward will be paid for the return of my satchel, lost a few days ago in Emporium. The contents are of no value to any one but the owner. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving said satchel at this office. M. PHOENIX,
Cameron, Pa. 10-tf

NEW LIVERY STABLE.—Having recently purchased the entire livery stock of Chas. Fry and having added new vehicles, am prepared to meet the patronage of the public.
HARRY M. FRY.
8-4t PEARSON L. FRY, Mgr.

POTATOES FOR SALE.—I have for sale five hundred bushels of good potatoes at forty cents per bushel, delivered to your door within the limits of Emporium Borough. Drop me a postal and you may order one or one hundred bushels.
10-3t E. W. GASKILL.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.—I have secured the exclusive agency to sell Aspinwall Manufacturing Company's agricultural implements, consisting of Potato Planter, Cutter, Digger, Weeder also Sprayer, Sorter and Fertilizer Distributor. Call at my store at Sterling Run and see these machines.
n1-tf J. E. SMITH.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—Having been called by wire to Mifflinburg on important Presbyterial interests, there will be no preaching services at the Presbyterian church on next Sabbath; and being a commissioner from our Presbytery to the General Assembly to meet at St. Louis, on the 17th, inst., there will be no preaching for the two succeeding Sabbath days, unless it be possible to arrange, of which, however, notice will be given in our town papers.
ROBERT MCCASLIN.

DRAMATIC READING.—Prof. F. S. Ford, the eminent Humorist and Dramatic Reader, of Baltimore, has been secured for an entertainment in the Chapel of the M. E. Church, Tuesday evening May 22. Prof. Ford's abilities give him the highest rank among professionals of his class and his appearance always awakens the liveliest interest and arouses the most unbounded enthusiasm. The price of admission is placed at 25 cts., and the seating capacity of the commodious and beautiful Chapel will no doubt be taxed to its utmost.

EASTMAN'S KODAK

FRIDAY, Clear and warmer.
SATURDAY, Fair and warmer.
SUNDAY, Probably showers.

You can carry it in your hands, on your shoulder, in your pocket or on your bicycle. You press the button and the Kodak will the rest.

LLOYD'S LONG RANGE FORECAST OF THE WEATHER AND EASTMAN'S KODAK.

BOOMING.

Spring trade is booming, notwithstanding the general complaint of dealers about the weather, forest fires and dull trade. We are up to date, away ahead of any previous season. Why? Clear-sighted men and women have discovered where they can get best and the most for their money in wall paper; in gloss white enamel paint, that will not turn yellow on exposure; in curtains that go up and down; in bicycles that will run ahead of anything on the road; in fishing tackle that catches the trout; in books and stationery that will interest you; in the news counter that has all the news that was, is and will be; and a good cigar that will smoke as free as the smoke in the forests.

That's why the people are flocking here as never before.

HARRY S. LLOYD.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

Sweet Potatoes for Europe.

Farmers will be interested in the movement initiated by the Vansville Farmers' club, of College Park, Md., to secure a market in Europe for sweet potatoes. According to D. M. Nesbit, secretary of the club, an effort will be made, with the hearty support of the secretary of the agriculture at Washington, to educate the masses in Europe to appreciate the sweet potato and to bring it within their means. The common people of northern and central Europe are unfamiliar with the tuber, their climate being unfavorable to its cultivation. If brought to their knowledge it would be a cheap and yet valuable addition to their menu. Oats were formerly little appreciated in London. They were, in fact, thought to be fit only for horse feed, but now oatmeal is on every breakfast table. So of corn. It was imported for feeding to animals, its value as a material for bread being almost unknown. What was done with oats and corn can be done also for sweet potatoes, if a concerted and sustained effort is made to introduce them properly at the Paris exposition and afterward throughout Europe. The depatrment of agriculture takes keen interest in the enterprise, it is understood, and will assist in introducing the sweet potato in its raw state and preserved by canning and by desiccation. Investigations will be made and the results will contribute to the creation of a new market for an excellent article of food.

Baking as a Cure for Disease.

A hint of the next fad or fashion in a curative way may be found in an experiment performed lately at Bellevue hospital in New York. A physician named Sprague has invented an oven, which bears his name, and into which the patient is inserted—all except his head—and subjected to a temperature which under other circumstances would suffice for a barbecue. The heated air, says our informant, is withdrawn as rapidly as it becomes laden with the perspiration of the patient, and the process is further encouraged by giving the victim constant sips of water. After he has been baked long enough to be well done he is taken out, rolled in heavy blankets, and finished off with a vigorous massage. It may be called a concentrated form of the Turkish bath. If there is any sort of badness which Dr. Sprague's apparatus will not draw out of a man it must be of a kind that needs a preacher rather than a doctor.

A new and profitable industry is said to have sprung up around the banks of the ponds and small lakes near Wabash, Ind. The common cat tail, which grows in profusion in the marshy ground near the water's edge, has become a valuable article of commerce and sells at the lake for a cent a pound. The cat tails have largely superseded wool, cotton and hair for mattresses and upholstery, and are said to be admirable substitutes, while they cost far less than the materials mentioned. Since the 1st of March over ten tons of the commodity have been gathered and paid for at Syracuse, on Turkey lake alone. The demand far exceeds the supply and is increasing.

There was a lesson in physical geography in the senate the other day. Senator Pettus asked Senator Carter to explain what was meant by "shoal water" in the mining regulations of the Alaskan code. Thereupon, Mr. Carter stated that shoal water was the water between the blue line of the sea and the shore. "It may extend ten or 15 miles from shore, but if we can get gold ten or 15 miles from shore, so much the better for us," he added.

Queen Victoria has, through her private secretary, Capt. F. Ponsonby, transmitted to Mr. Cunliffe-Owen her thanks and appreciation for his article in a late number of Munsey's Magazine, entitled "British Royalty in America," describing the important part played by her majesty throughout her entire reign, in fostering the friendly feeling between the United States and the British empire.

PAYNE ON PORTO RICO.

Wisconsin Republican Talks of Needed Legislation for Insular Possessions.

Hon. Henry C. Payne, of Milwaukee, the Wisconsin member of the republican national committee, has been in Los Angeles, where he was interviewed by the Los Angeles Times, of which Gen. Harrison Gray Otis is president and general manager. Speaking of the Porto Rican question, Mr. Payne said:

"It is a momentous question, but the great body of the people has confidence, I find, in the ability and good faith of the administration, and is resting confident in the belief that the president and the republican majority in congress will do what is right by Porto Rico.

"President McKinley's declaration in his message that it was 'our plain duty' to have free and unlimited trade with Porto Rico was an attractive programme, and met with a sympathetic sponse. But it is the president's duty to change his mind, just as it is any other man's, when he sees, after a careful study of the question, that another policy is demanded by wisdom and justice.

"The fact is that the president and nearly all his advisers in Washington, a great majority of the republican senators and representatives, arrived at the conclusion that the first legislation with regard to our insular possessions, if we may call them such, should be in the line of setting forth a principle, and that principle should be that these new possessions shall not hold the same relation to the country as do the territories that have become incorporated and are incipient states.

"I think the more thoughtful people of our country are opposed to any plan to bring these islands in as integral parts of the nation. Call it what you please, we must come down to a colonial policy of some form. There is great anxiety on the part of the administration to get started right on this matter. Certain newspapers declare that the president's change of front was due to the pressure of the tobacco and sugar interests. This charge seems to me ridiculous in view of the fact that these interests want absolute free trade with Porto Rico.

"I was born and brought up in Massachusetts, and I always believed in Daniel Webster's interpretation of the constitution, instead of that of Mr. Calhoun. Some republican newspapers seem inclined to line up with Mr. Calhoun and the Dred Scot decision, in considering this Porto Rican matter, shouting that 'the constitution follows the flag;' but I believe the country can more safely follow the teachings of Abraham Lincoln and Daniel Webster.

"Underneath the trifling tariff changes proposed there lies this old constitutional question, which is of tremendous and lasting consequence. You remember that John C. Calhoun and the champions of slavery maintained that the constitution went with the flag into all territory acquired by the United States, and therefore the slaveholder had the right to carry his slaves and keep them in any territory. This view was maintained by the infamous Dred Scot decision of the United States supreme court, to the effect that the United States can acquire territory only for the purpose of forming states, and all acquisitions must be treated as integral parts of the union. Webster and Lincoln took the opposite view that new territory, acquired in one way or another, is not an integral part of the union till it has been duly incorporated and until then the government has constitutional power to regulate its affairs. Here is the real issue involved in all this Porto Rican discussion, and I firmly believe the thinking people of this country, after careful consideration, will prefer to follow Lincoln and Webster, whom history has vindicated, rather than Douglas and Calhoun.

"This little flurry about Porto Rico will soon be over. It will not affect the result of the presidential election. The administration stands well with the people. It has fulfilled its pledges to them, and more, too. On the money question it has done better than it promised. It has builded better than the republican platform. It has restored confidence and has revived business to the extent that we have more prosperity even than we had in 1892, which was high tide. I cannot doubt that such an administration will be sustained."

The Business of Expansion.

The present tendency to expansion and colonization is already opening up world wide markets for American goods and American operations. The tendency will increase rather than diminish till all nations and isles of the sea become commercially tributary to the productive energies of the United States. We are entering upon an era of world markets such as Great Britain has enjoyed for the past 100 years, and which has made her wealthy. The commerce we shall enjoy with our colonies is bound to grow with the inevitable progress of civilization in their borders."—Finance, Cleveland O.

Genius of a Press Agent.

The gentleman in charge of the press bureau of the democratic national committee is the same genius who managed the publicity department of Mr. Henry George's last campaign for mayor of New York. He writes entertainingly and, unless he is interfered with, will throw the political managers into convulsions every time he goes to press.

Electioneering.

Hon. Allen W. Thurman, son of his father, has declared free silver to be a dead issue. Mr. Thurman is evidently electioneering for a place on the Bryan suspect list.

Two of a Kind.

Pettigrewism is simply pessimism running amuck.

RURAL FREE DELIVERY.

Nearly 100,000 Country Homes See Uncle Sam's Postman—Very Successful System.

Washington.—"The credit of rural free delivery belongs almost exclusively to the McKinley administration," said Hon. Perry S. Heath, first assistant postmaster general. "A movement to broaden the free delivery of the mails was begun by Postmaster General Wanamaker under the administration of Gen. Harrison. It took the form of village free delivery, and extended, as an experiment, the plan of delivering mails by carriers, as existing in cities of 10,000 population, or $10,000 gross postal receipts, to 40 or 50 selected villages of less population and smaller postal receipts. The experiment was a success as far as it went, but the succeeding democratic administration, fearing its effect in popularizing republican principles and disseminating republican literature, ordered it dropped.

"It was a republican administration that conceived and executed the idea of brightening the home of the farmer, educating his children, increasing the value of his land, compelling the improvement of his roads, and giving him ready access to a market for his crops by carrying the United States mails to him on his farm.

"Since the 4th of March, 1897, nearly 100,0000 rural homes in all parts of the United States have been brought into close touch with the rest of the world by a daily visit of the rural postman.

"The initiation of some form of free delivery which should reach the heretofore isolated rural communities was forced upon the last administration in its closing year by congress, responsive to the wishes of the people. Forty-four rural experiments were reluctantly started, some of them in communities which neither asked nor appreciated the service. It was difficult to find such localities, but such were found, and the service was started there, apparently with the purpose of bringing rural free delivery into disrepute and demonstrating its impracticability.

"It is possible this result might have been achieved in time, but under the vivifying influence of a republican postal policy rural free delivery at once sprung into vigorous life. The appropriations were increased by congress from $50,000 the first year to $150,000 the second year, and $450,000 the third year. On the 2d of April, 1900, close upon 1,000 rural routes had been established, some of them serving as many as 1,200 or 1,500 people daily, the average being 730 persons to a route. Not one state which has asked for the service has been left unrepresented. The good work is still going on. Nothing short of a revolution can now check it.

"Three years' experience has shown that the rural free delivery service is not inordinately expensive. It costs very little more than the old colonial style of postal service, which it supersedes, and it invariably brings a large and compensating increase in the amount of the mail matter handled, and consequently in the amount of postal receipts turned into the treasury. But even if it does cost more than the obsolete old plan, are not the farmers entitled to some of the benefits of the government which they help so liberally to support by their taxation?

"The country can well afford to continue and extend a system which makes better citizens, happier homes, and contributes so largely to the mental, moral and material advancement of the plain people."

CHURCHES NOT DESECRATED.

Philippine Insurgents, Not American Soldiers, Have Used Them for Defense.

From a private letter, written by an officer in the United States army who is now in the Philippines, the following extract shows that the Americans are not desecrating the Filipino churches, as has been charged. The letter says:

"Yesterday we were gunning for insurrectos about five miles out. I had the advance with orders to enter the town. We advanced with great caution, but as we crossed the bridge and received no fire and came unmolested nearer to the church, which the insurrectos always use for defense, I made up my mind that the 400 insurrectos reported there had migrated to a healthier climate.

"I presume Atkinson and the other Boston Filipinos have been informed that we desecrated the church, but we didn't. The American troops do not desecrate churches which are being used as churches; only churches which have been utilized by the insurgents as forts, the windows in many instances closed with masonry and loop-holed, have been occupied by our troops.

"Our usual welcome to the 'services' of the churches has been exceedingly warm, and the church's 'greeting' consisted of Mauser bullets, which were more blessed for the insurrectos to give than for the approaching Americans to receive.

"In cleaning up such 'churches' for use in sheltering our troops, considerable quantities of ammunition have heretofore been found secreted under the altars and elsewhere within the sacred (?) edifices."

Another Democratic Falsehood.

The report that Capt. Reichman, the United States military attache with the Boer forces, has been participating in the battles is as false as other stories which are being circulated by the sensational press. An investigation shows that Capt. Reichman has been kept quite busy nursing Lieut. Nix, the German military attache, who has since died. American military men don't so far forget their duties as to do all the unreasonable things the opponents of the administration ascribe to them.

UNDER BRIGHT SKIES.

Hon. Chas. Allen Is Inaugurated as Governor of Porto Rico.

San Juan, Porto Rico, May 2.—The inauguration of Charles Allen, formerly assistant secretary of the United States navy, as the first American civil governor of Porto Rico, took place Tuesday.

A more beautiful day could not have dawned in which to usher in Porto Rico's new government. The streets of the city were thronged with people. The sky was cloudless and the populace took this as a happy augury of the occasion.

The day's exercises opened at sunrise with serenades by the bands of the Eleventh infantry, the Fifth cavary and the Porto Rican regiment. The enthusiasm of the people was greater than expected, in spite of the ublication in the Diario of a letter from Julio Henna, of New York, suggesting that the people remain indoors and refrain from taking part in the inauguration, "thereby silently protesting and showing the American government that Porto Rico is dissatisfied."

The Diario is the organ of the federal party and has a large circulation.

Gov. Allen in his inaugural said:

"The laws familiar to you will continue in force, except as they may be modified by military orders. Such modifications from my orders will never be promulgated until they have been indorsed by distinguished natives learned in the laws of the country and familiar with its social and industrial conditions.

"The laws provide a basis for industry, trade and commerce which warrants the belief that the dark clouds of misery and want will soon roll away. By these laws every pound of sugar will find a purchaser at 50 per cent. greater price, tobacco will be doubled in value and coffee will be protected. You are offered absolutely free trade the moment your ability is shown to support the government. Your laws, religion and private rights are all preserved and the laws can only change by the will of the local legislature. No island in any sea has a fairer future of peace, happiness and prosperity. The privations and misery of the past and present will soon be replaced by happiness and plenty."

Then followed an invocation by Bishop Blenk, dwelling upon the memorable occasion in the history of the island and the United States, invoking the Almighty's guidance and protection, praying that the event would usher in the dawn of a brighter future and the beginning of the fruition of cherished hopes and imploring manifold blessings upon Gov. Allen.

The troops began assembling at 8 o'clock and, later, Gov. Allen and Gen. Davis reviewed on the plaza the cavalry, artillery, infantry, the Porto Rico regiment, the sailors and marines from the fleet and the police and civic societies. The plaza and adjoining housetops were packed with people, of whom about 5,000 were present. The native troops received the most applause from the natives, the regulars and sailors being accorded only nominal applause.

Gov. Allen took the oath of office at 10:30 a. m. at the executive mansion.

AN OFFICIAL DENIAL.

State Department Officials Say that a Story of Standard Oil Interference in Diplomacy Is Untrue.

Washington, May 2.—The state department authorizes the declaration that it has never recognized any individual in connection with the proposed acquisition by the United States of the islands of the Danish West Indies; that it has no knowledge that any private person has ever interposed in the negotiations on that subject, and finally that the negotiations never have been influenced by unofficial persons. This statement is called forth by the publication of the details of what is represented to be an attempt on the part of persons connected with the Standard Oil Co. to force the Danish government to pay them a commission on the sale of the islands to the United States government.

The department officials say that of course they are not competent to affirm or deny the truth of the allegations as to what passed between any such parties and the Danish government officials, but for themselves they are able to enter the broadest denial of any connection with or knowledge of such an intervention. The secretary of state does not know Rogers, one of the persons named and represented to be connected with the Standard Oil Co., who it was alleged initiated the attempt to intervene for commission.

Killed Two Brothers.

Webb, Miss., May 2.—Robert and William Chambers, prominent young men, were shot and killed last night by T. B. Abbey, a reputable citizen. The Chambers brothers went to Abbey's plantation and instituted a search for some negroes. Later they met Abbey and, in an altercation, the latter shot and killed them both.

Another Big Dividend in Sight.

New York, May 2.—The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey has declared a dividend of $10 a share. In March a dividend of 20 per cent. was declared. The dividend which will be paid next month will call for the disbursement of $9,725,000.

A Summons for Gates.

New York, May 2.—John W. Gates, chairman of the board of directors of the American Steel and Wire Co., was yesterday served with a summons in a criminal proceeding for alleged wrongful actions as an official of the company. Mr. Gates acknowledged the service with a smiling "Thank you." The summons is made out in the name of George Lamb, and is made returnable at Jefferson Market police court on May 14. Max Pam, counsel for Mr. Gates, speaking for him, said: "We will be there at that time.

THE WAR HALTS.

No Fighting of Importance in South Africa.

The Advance on Pretoria Has Begun —Mafeking's Defenders Forced to Catch Locusts to Eke Out Their Food Supply.

London, May 1.—The Boers are showing uncommon activity west of Bloemfontein. They are in force between Fourteen Streams and Kimberley. On Sunday they occupied Windsorton, west of the railway, and now threaten to interrupt the communications of the British force at Warrenton, to the north. This, too, at a time when Gen. Hunter is about to start on a 200-mile march to Mafeking, probably with 5,000 men.

To the east of Bloemfontein, the Boers Sunday night were still holding the hills near Thaba N'Chu, while behind them long wagon trains, loaded with wheat for the Boer army in the north are moving through Ladybrand.

London, May 2.—Fighting, heavier than any since Ladysmith, seems to be imminent near Thaba N'Chu. The dispatches of Lord Roberts dated Monday and Tuesday show that the Boer rear guard, stubbornly resisting his advance, forced the British on Saturday and Sunday to act chiefly on the defensive.

Gen. French, who is directing the operations, has at least 15,000 men. Some estimates give him 30,000. The Boers are estimated to be at least 6,000 strong, and possibly 10,000.

African horse sickness has broken out in Gen. Buller's army. It proves especially fatal among freshly arrived animals. The Bloemfontein correspondents point out that the deficiencies in the veterinary department cause thousands of losses.

A dispatch to the Times from Mafeking, dated April 20, says: "A side light is thrown upon the hungry condition of the garrison by the fact that the united efforts of the whites and natives have recently been devoted to catching a swarm of locusts which passed over the town.'

London, March 3.—The immediate objective of Lord Roberts is to establish a line of British posts from one frontier of the Free State to the other at right angles with the railway, thus preventing Boer raids southward. It is essential, therefore, that the Boers should be expelled from the Thaba N'Chu district and be forced to retire to Ladybrand. As the result of the desultory firing Monday and Tuesday the Boers were pushed back a few miles, but nothing decisive appears to have been yet attained. The Boers continue to follow their harassing tactics.

London, May 4.—Gen. Broadwood's cavalry has reached Isabelfontein, 28 miles north of Thaba N'Chu. Gen. Ian Hamilton is bivouacking at Jacobsrust, 15 miles north of Thaba N'Chu. Gen. Tucker's division is moving eastward from Karee Siding. The divisions of Gen. French and Gen. Rundle are in and near Thaba N'Chu. Thus Lord Roberts has 50,000 men operating clear of the railway along a front of 40 miles.

He is advancing slowly with some success, but nothing decisive. Yet, at all points of concentration, the Boers appear in force sufficient to compel the British to proceed with caution. Their wide front in a rugged country makes turning movements difficult.

The Boers, Mr. Winston Churchill says, have enormous herds of cattle and flocks of sheep gathered in the southeast. These they are driving northward.

Observers at headquarters in Bloemfontein seem to think that the Boers are preparing to evacuate Brandfort and Ladybrand. The Boers still holding the Thaba N'Chu district are estimated at 4,000. They have among their guns a 40-pounder.

London, May 3.—The Lorenzo Marquez correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "A French steamer has arrived with 10,000 bags of coffee and 10,000 bags of sugar, consigned to a syndicate which is buying for the Pretoria government. Four more steamers with similar consignments are expected this month. It is evident that the Transvaal intends making a long resistance. The Boers have begun constructing fortifications at Lydenburg, where they continue to store provisions."

Left Many Creditors to Mourn.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 2.—The shoe store of Robert R. Hilas, which was opened last February, passed into the hands of the sheriff yesterday on a writ of replevin secured by representatives of eastern creditors. E. C. Lawrence, one of the eastern representatives, says Adams J. Burke, of Albany, N. Y., has worked his credit in this scheme for over $150,000 and is missing. He had several stores in the east. Mr. Lawrence and Mr. Doan say they have secured about $118,000 worth of goods in the stores run in Minneapolis, Cohoes and Albany, which will be divided among creditors.

Jumped Off the Brooklyn Bridge.

New York, May 3.—Albert M. Bryant, an Englishman, 22 years old, jumped from the Brooklyn bridge yesterday, using an umbrella to break the fall and bladders to keep him afloat and was seriously injured. He is a prisoner in Hudson Street hospital.

Begbie Is Accused of Murder.

London, April 30.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Johannesburg says: "Personal examination at the scene of the Begbie works disaster show that the foundry was destroyed by the explosion beyond repair. It is said that 17 workmen are still unaccounted for. Mr. Begbie is charged with murder. He is suspected by the Boers of having blown up his works, which cost £400,000, in order to revenge himself for the affront of being compelled to manufacture munitions of war for the enemy."

That Tired Feeling

Just as surely indicates that the blood is lacking in vitality and the elements of health as does the most obstinate humor that the vital fluid is full of impurities. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures that tired feeling by enriching and vitalizing the blood, creating a good appetite and invigorating every organ of the body.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

"I had that tired feeling all the time. Was as tired in the morning when I rose as I was when I went to bed. I took four bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and it made me feel like a new man. I could work hard and not feel tired. I recommend Hood's to all who need a good medicine." A. P. CHARTER, Creston, Iowa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. Get Hood's and only Hood's.

Wrong Impression.

He—Am I right in presuming to think you care for me?

She—No, you are left.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

From Baby in the High Chair

to grandma in the rocker Grain-O is good for the whole family. It is the long-desired substitute for coffee. Never upsets the nerves or injures the digestion. Made from pure grains it is a food in itself. Has the taste and appearance of the best coffee at ¼ the price. It is a genuine and scientific article and is come to stay. It makes for health and strength. Ask your grocer for Grain-O.

Hicks—"She threatened all sorts of things, and finally he got desperate and exclaimed: 'Do your worst.'" Wicks—"And what did she do?" Hicks—"Very coolly, she began to play the piano." Wicks—"I see; she took him at his word."—Boston Transcript.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to shake into your shoes. It rests the feet. CuresCorns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

"Now that Belle has secured her divorce, I suppose she is happy." "No, she isn't. She is married again."—Philadelphia North American.

A New Book on Colorado.

We have rreceived from Mr. P. S. Eustis, General Passenger Agent of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, a book just off the press, which is unusually interesting and artistic. It is on the subject of Colorado, fascinatingly written by James W. Steele, a descriptive writer of great force. The book is lavishly illustrated by engravings of a high order, and the printer's art has not been handicapped by an effort to save expense. To anyone interested in the grandeur of Colorado scenery and particularly to one contemplating a visit to the country described the book will be indispensable. Copies can be had by sending a letter of request accompanied by six cents in postage stamps to Mr. Eustis, at his Chicago address, 209 Adams street.

It isn't fair to measure other people in your half bushel, but you probably do it.—Atchison Globe.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

If you want to be content and prosperous, sell ice in summer, coal in winter, seeds in spring, and loaf in the fall. — Atchison Globe.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

The sea of matrimony swamps many a courtship.—Chicago Daily News.

Each package of PUTNAM'S FADELESS DYES colors more goods than any other dye and colors them better too. Sold by all druggists.

He who does not love honesty is a thief at heart.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

Don't Neglect a Cough. Take Some Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar instanter. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

Don't hang on to the men who are above you, then you won't get dropped.—Chicago Democrat.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Endsley, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Gained 45 Pounds

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I was very thin and my friends thought I was in consumption.

"Had continual headaches, backache and falling of uterus, and my eyes were affected.

"Every one noticed how poorly I looked and I was advised to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"One bottle relieved me, and after taking eight bottles am now a healthy woman; have gained in weight from 95 pounds to 140; everyone asks what makes me so stout."—MRS. A. TOLLE, 1946 Hilton St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Mrs. Pinkham has fifty thousand such letters from grateful women.

HUNDREDS KILLED

Worst Mining Disaster in the History of the West.

An Explosion of Blasting Powder in the Mines of the Pleasant Valley Coal Company at Schofield, Utah — More Than 200 Corpses Recovered.

Salt Lake, Utah, May 2.—A terrific explosion occurred Tuesday in the winter quarters of the Pleasant Valley Co.'s coal mine at Schofield, on the Rio Grande Western railroad.

The cause of the explosion is attributed to the blowing up of a number of kegs of blasting powder.

A special to the Tribune from Scofield, Utah, says: The English language cannot describe the appalling disaster which occurred here Tuesday morning by an explosion in mine No. 4 of the Pleasant Valley Coal Co. and by which certainly 200 and upwards have lost their lives. One hundred and thirty-seven bodies have been recovered and the work of rescue is still progressing and will continue until all the bodies are brought to the surface. There are willing hands at work and as fast as bodies are reached they are brought to the boarding houses and other company buildings

Scofield, Utah, May 3.—The latest estimate of the number of the killed in the terrible mine explosion here Tuesday is 250, but the total death list may yet reach 300. Relief work is still in progress, being conducted by shifts of men. The shift now in the mine has 50 bodies ready to bring out and the number of corpses yet to be reached is still uncertain. Arriving trains are constantly bringing relatives of the victims from outside points and the coal company has designated a committee to carry the dead to Salt Lake, Ogden and other cities. On account of gas, No. 4 mine has been abandoned as a means of rescue and bodies are arriving at the mouth of No. 1 mine by the carload.

Every house in the town is a house of mourning. When the removal of the bodies from the mine began hundreds of men volunteered for the purpose. The rescuers came from other mines and towns surrounding and worked incessantly to bring out the burned and mangled remains of the dead miners. The bodies were taken to the company buildings and were there dressed and laid out preparatory to the coroner's inquest and for indentification.

Many of the rescuers came near losing their lives from the fatal afterdamp, but the work was continued in the face of all danger, and most of the brave fellows remained at their posts until they were almost ready to drop from physical exhaustion and the deadly effects of the poisonous fumes.

John Kirton was the first man brought to the surface. He was still alive, but presented a terrible sight. In his horrible pain he cried out to his companions, begging them to end his misery by taking his life.

One theory is that some of the Finns recently imported secretly took giant powder down into the mine to assist them in their work. They were exceedingly anxious to make a good showing and make as much money as possible, and it is thought this form of explosive was used in order that great bodies of coal could more easily be dislodged. It is thought that when the giant powder was touched off, it ignited some of the dust of which every coal mine has more or less.

Inquiry among the miners disclosed the fact that they entertained various opinions regarding the terrible affair, some being exceedingly bitter in their denunciation of the company.

AN EIGHT-HOUR WORK DAY.

Hundreds of Craftsmen in New England Secure It Without Much Trouble.

Boston, May 2.—The eight-hour day was established Tuesday in almost every district in New England, where journeymen of the building trades have organized, and the concession was obtained with little friction and only a few strikes. The most widespread demand for the eight-hour day was made some weeks ago by the granite cutters throughout New England and, while at most places the demands were granted, there were a few echoes of that contention yesterday.

The most important of the strikes in this industry was at Barre, Vt., where the granite polishers went out, and a conference in the afternoon failed to bring about a settlement. At Lowell an incipient strike was settled, but small strikes at Milford and Manchester, N. H.; Sullivan and Franklin, Me., and at Fall River, Mass., are still in force.

In Quincy, where the cutters have been out for three months, a conference yesterday brought no resut.

Norcross Bros., of Worcester, also were unable to settle with their cutters at the Milford quarries. Otherwise, the indications were that nearly every strike would be settled with little delay.

In Providence, Pawtucket and Boston there were strikes in other trades, chiefly among painters, carpenters and kindred branches, but the numbers out are not large. No May day in the recollection of labor leaders in New England has been so full of encouragement and success as that which ended last night.

Pattison Will Not Refuse.

Chicago, May 2.—Robert E. Pattison, ex-governor of Pennsylvania, a lay delegate to the Methodist general conference, arrived here Tuesday.. "I am not here in the furtherance of my candidacy for the vice presidency," said Mr. Pattison. "I am a delegate to the national convention on the Pennsylvania delegation and shall go to Kansas City. If the convention sees fit to nominate me for the vice presidency I shall esteem it an honor and shall accept it accordingly. I am not seeking votes, or the support of any state."

HERO WORSHIP.

Admiral Dewey Gets His Share of Adulation from the People of Illinois and St. Louis.

Jacksonville, Ill., May 4.—Admiral Dewey was on Thursday the guest of the Grand Army of the Republic of Illinois, which is holding its annual encampment here. The special Baltimore & Ohio train bearing Admiral and Mrs. Dewey and party arrived over the Alton road at 1 p. m., after a run from Chicago that was marked by cheering crowds at every station along the route. At Joliet 2,000 people surrounded the train and called for the admiral until he appeared on the platform and bowed his acknowledgements.

One of the most enthusiastic receptions the admiral has received on the trip was given him here during the three hours spent in this city. From the moment the admiral stepped from the train and was escorted to his carriage to head the parade through the business streets to the court house the cheering from the thousands that lined the sidewalks along the line of march was almost continuous, while school children of all ages waved flags and banners. Here and there they pelted him with flowers. At the court house Admiral Dewey alighted and, ascending the platform erected for the occasion, reviewed the parade of Grand Army veterans and civic and military organizations. At the conclusion of the parade Admiral Dewey was escorted to the opera house, where a reception was held.

St. Louis, May 4.—Amid the firing of cannon, the shrieking of whistles and the huzzas of a vast concourse of enthusiastic people, Admiral Dewey became the guest of this city last evening.

The special train over the Chicago & Alton road bearing the admiral and his party backed into the Union station at 7 p. m., 20 minutes behind the time scheduled for its arrival.

As the train was backed into the depot, Battery A, stationed in the railroad yard, fired an admiral's salute, the first roar of which started a terrific round of cheers from the immense throng. When the train came to a standstill and the admiral and Mrs. Dewey appeared on the platform of the car he was greeted with a perfect roar of cheers and the frantic waving of hats, flags, etc.

The admiral's party was escorted to carriages by the reception committee with much difficulty, owing to the demonstrations of the crowd outside the depot gates, which surged forward and for a moment threatened to engulf the entire party.

Preceded by an attachment of police and the First regiment the admiral and party was driven to the Planters' hotel. Along the entire route to the hotel the admiral received one continuous ovation from crowds which at some points were so dense that the carriages proceeded with great difficulty. The admiral's carriage was constantly surrounded by a surging mass of men, women and children, and the windows of the buildings along the line of march were filled with people who cheered and waved flags as the admiral was driven by. The admiral was constantly on his feet, doffing his hat in acknowledgement of the cheers of the crowds.

One of the most remarkable features of the entire trip was the reception given Admiral Dewey by the school children, the outpouring of young America being even greater at the stations south of Jacksonville than between Chicago and that point. Few stops were made between Jacksonville and St. Louis, but at every station along the road crowds cheered, waved flags and shouted greetings to the admiral as the train went by.

SEARCHED BY A BRITON.

An American Ship Suffers an Indignity at the Hands of an English Cruiser.

London, May 4.—United States Ambassador Choate has asked Lord Salisbury for explanations as to the alleged abuse of international rights in the case of the American ship Sea Witch, which, according to the statement of her commander, Capt. Howe, was boarded by the British warship Wasp within the three-mile limit of Portuguese territory in East Africa.

The American ambassador's communication to the premier hardly amounts to a protest and serious complications are not likely to ensue. The case as transmitted by Secretary Hay to London consists of the captain's allegation that while the Sea Witch was in Delagoa bay he signaled to the Wasp, which was patrolling, and the Wasp sent a boat to her. The captain of the Sea Witch complains that the visit resembeld a warlike boarding party and that his manifest was examined against his will when within neutral waters. If the latter statement is true a serious offense has been committed by the Wasp, which will call for an ample apology from Great Britain.

But it is pointed out that the fact that the Sea Witch signalled the Wasp before the warship noticed her, invests the case with a curious uncertainty. Apparently both Mr. Choate and Lord Salisbury are inclined to believe that there is some mistake, perhaps on both sides. The premier has referred the matter to the admiralty, which has no record of the occurrence, but has cabled to South Africa for the Wasp's version of the affair and it is possible that some time may elapse before the British reply is ready.

Pinos Kill Four Americans.

Manila, May 4.—A dispatch from Iloilo reports that a desperate fight took place at Leambano, in the island of Panay. A reconnoitering party of the Twenty-sixth infantry was surrounded and four Americans were killed and 16 others severely wounded were left on the field. The remainder of the soldiers had a narrow escape.

Three People Drowned.

Helena, Ark., May 4.—The tow boat Graves yesterday sank in 90 feet of water opposite Moon's landing. Fireman Fred Duncan and two negro women cooks were drowned.

FINANCIAL LAW.

Results Attained by the Recently Enacted Bill.

REFUNDING THE DEBT.

Uncle Sam Has Saved $6,500,000 in Interest.

NEARLY 900 NEW BANKS.

Applications Have Been Received by the Treasury Department for Authority to Organize 890 Institutions as National Banks.

Washington, May 5.—Representative Brosius, of Pennsylvania, chairman of the house committee on banking and currency, yesterday made a statement, official in character and based on information carefully prepared by the treasury department, on the workings of the recently enacted financial law. The statement says in part:

"The refunding provisions of the law are working out an achievement in finance without a parallel in the history of the world. The statement I submit is official and shows the amount of bonds of each kind exchanged since the law went into operation, March 14, to May 1, 1900, together with the saving in interest, the premium paid and the net saving."

The statement shows the following totals: Amount refunded $260,020,750, saving in interest $32,699,225, premium paid $26,034,771, net saving $6,664,454.

"The 'net saving' shown by this statement represents the difference between the amount of interest the government will pay upon the bonds refunded to the date of their respective maturities and the amount of interest the government would have been obliged to pay had not the bonds above described been thus refunded.

"It will be observed that the total amount of bonds exchanged is $250,020,750. The treasurer has already made full settlement for bonds amounting to $259,051,950, and of the premiums paid and to be paid, $26,034,771, the treasurer has already paid $25,923,732, leaving unpaid only about $110,000. Of the $260,027,050 bonds exchanged, $48,508,000 were from institutions or private persons other than national banks.

"The operation of legal tender redemption under the provisions of the law exhibits a highly satisfactory condition of public confidence in our government paper and is a happy omen for the success of that branch of our monetary system in the future. The secretary of the treasury informs me that the amount of United States notes redeemed in gold out of the reserve fund since the new law went into operation is $5,133,289."

One of the most interesting features of Mr. Brosius' statement is a table prepared by the treasury showing the extent to which new national banks have been organized under the new law. The total number of applications approved is 244, with a capital of $8,380,000. The total applications on file for authority to organize national banks is 508, the total applications for the conversion of old banks into national banks 382, making a total of all kinds of new bank organizations of 890..

Mr. Brosius also adds, from unofficial but reliable sources, a detailed estimate of $121,788,858, as the amount of currency the national banks may issue in the near future, as gathered from their expressed intention.

Six Seamen Drowned.

Cape Henry, Va., May 5.—The British steamer Virginia, from Daquri, Cuba, for Baltimore, with a cargo of iron ore and with a crew of 26 men, including one stowaway, stranded on Diamond Shoal about 6 p. m. last Wednesday, during a fog. The crew took to the boats and attempted to leave the ship. One boat with 15 of the crew got away, but the other boat was swamped and six men drowned. The remaining five got back on the steamer, where they remained until Friday, when they were rescued and brought ashore by the crews of the Creeds Hill and Cape Hatteras life saving stations.

Coner D'Alene Inquiry Closes.

Washington, May 5.—The taking of testimony in the Coner D'Alene investigation closed last night after having continued uninterruptedly since February 19. Capt. Lyons closed the testimony for the defense, and after hearing some rebuttal evidence both sides rested and the committee excused all witnesses. On Monday the arguments of counsel will begin.

Two Men Crushed to Death.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 5.—Jacob Kerns and Henry Hill were crushed to death Friday while working in the hold of the steamer Mohawk. A bale of burlap weighing 1,000 pounds fell on them.

Kumassi Is Besieged.

London, May 5.—A dispatch from Acera says: "The situation in Ashanti is still very serious. Kumassi is closely invested. It is reported that on April 27 fighting occurred between the Haussas and Ashantis, in which three white officers were killed or wounded."

A Wheelman Motored.

Detroit, May 5.—Dr. Edward Vincent, who was surgeon of Lieut. Peary's '93 Arctic expedition, was run over by a street car and killed yesterday while riding a bicycle along Grand River avenue.

A LITTLE NONSENSE.

First Trooper—"What do you think of him?" Second Trooper—"Well, he may be French by name, but he's British by nature."—Fun.

Trooper (who has caught a locust)—"Look 'ere, Bill! This is a rummy country. 'Ere's the bloomin' butter-flies in khaki!"—Punch.

"See that young farmer, Maggie; he made a fortune cultivating weeds." "Surely not, John; what kind o' weeds were they?" "Widows."—Coloured Comic.

Miss Pechis—"Everybody seems to think I'm the picture of mamma. Do you?" Mr. Gallandt—"Well, I should say a very flattering picture."—Philadelphia Press.

"I love you madly, devotedly," said the ancient millionaire. "I place my fortune and my heart at your feet." "Do you love me enough," asked the fair lady, who wasn't so romantic as her words would imply, "to die for me?"—Philadelphia North American.

"Old Snipps is wild!" "Oh?" "Yes; he offered to make 100 khaki suits for as many officers among the volunteers, and charge nothing for them." "So I understood. Well?" "One suit went to a man who has owed him a pile of money for years; that's what's caused his dander to rise!"—Pick-Me-Up.

"What's the charge?" asked the court. "The prisoner, your honor," replied the officer, "asked this man here what his father was doing, and when told that the latter was a spy in the mint, without provocation, called the father a mince pie." "Poor fellow!" said the court. "An examination into his sanity seems almost unnecessary."—Philadelphia North American.

Mrs. Greene—"They do say that Mr. Slyder gambles. Isn't it awful?" Mrs. Gray—"I should say it was. Why, it's almost as bad as stealing. If he wins he robs some other man; if he loses he robs his family." Mrs. Greene—"At any rate, it is terribly wicked. By the way, I forgot to tell you, I won the first prize of the whist tournament last night—a beautiful silver cup." Mrs. Gray—"Oh, you lucky woman! How I envy you!"—Boston Transcript.

FIREPROOF CLOTHING.

Timid People in Germany May Array Themselves in Incombustible Raiment.

Consul Liefeld, writing to the state department from Freiburg, Germany, tells of a new fireproof material coming into use there. He says:

"As is well known, the substance usually employed for the manufacture of fireproof clothing, paper, theater curtains, etc., is asbestos, a mineral silicate, a variety of hornblende, which can be woven or otherwise prepared, and is infusible at ordinary temperatures; hence soiled articles made of asbestos need only be thrown into a fire to be cleaned. Asbestos has, however, several great disadvantages, viz., its high price and its great weight, the specific gravity being about three.

"A new method has been introduced here by which goods are rendered fireproof when treated chemically by a very quick process, which does not act on the fiber, so the goods lose nothing in strength, nor does the treatment in any way affect the color or perceptibly increase the weight, and the advance in the price of the article is very little.

"I procured some samples and tried a few experiments with cloth which had been made fireproof by this new process, and found that no flame or fire is produced, as was the case with similar goods which had not been so treated. Only where the candle flame came into contact with the cloth was the fiber charred, but there was no spread of fire, and as soon as the flame was removed the charring ceased. I poured some kerosene oil on a piece of the cloth and ignited it; the oil burned vigorously, but the cloth was simply charred where it had been soaked with oil, and there was no spread of fire. A piece of wood wrapped in thick fireproof canvas was placed for a few moments on the red-hot anthracite coals of a furnace, and when examined was found to be uninjured, except where it had been in direct contact with the coal.

"There is one disadvantage connected with this discovery, which prevents the use of these firepoof articles for outdoor purposes, viz., that water can dissolve the chemicals and then the substance is no longer fireproof, but as such material can be washed and then reimpregnated very easily and cheaply, and so again rendered incombustible, it would seem that this does not greatly depreciate its value. Steam and moisture do not affect the fireproof qualities, nor does the application of heat. It is also claimed that the manufactured article is not in the least poisonous.

"I have learned that the increase in price to the consumer of the fireproof article need not be more than about three cents per square yard over that of the unimpregnated, and in large quantities the difference would be even less, and the difference in weight is such that a piece of flag material weighing before treatment 130 grams per square meter would weigh after impregnation from 140 to 150 grams, which means only from ten to twenty grams per square meter more. If we consider 500 grams to the pound and one and one-fifth square yards to the square meter, this would mean an increase in weight of only one pound for about every 50 square yards of material. For other goods the average increase might be even less."

Misapprehending Woman.

"The Boers don't like to stand up in a fair fight."

"Well, Henry, fighting is tiresome work, and if you would rather sit down to it, whose business is it?"—Indianapolis Journal.

IN HIGH PLACES.

New Army Bill Would Work a Revolution.

PASSED BY THE SENATE.

Artillery Corps to be Divided Into Two Branches.

CALLS FOR MORE CADETS.

Gen. Miles Is Given the Rank of Lieutenant General, Corbin Is Promoted and Provision Is Made for Retiring Commissary General Eagan.

Washington, May 5.—Friday's session of the senate was rendered notable by the passage of the army reorganization bill. In military circles the measure is regarded as one of the most important of the present session. It practically revolutionizes the present staff arrangements of the army. It proposes to change the present system of permanent appointments in certain staff corps to one of detail by the gradual process as the officers now in those corps now go out of active service. As vacancies occur in departments of the adjutant general, inspector general, quartermaster general and commissary general they are to be filled by details from the line, the details to be temporary and not to exceed four years.

The new system is not applied to the corps of engineers, medical department, pay department or judge advocate general's department. The bill discontinues the regimental organization of the artillery and establishes an artillery corps of two branches, viz., 126 batteries of coast artillery and 18 batteries of field artillery, with a total of 17,448 men. It provides for an increase of 100 in the corps of cadets at West Point, two at large from each state and ten more to the present number of 20 from the United States at large.

The rank of the commanding general of the army is raised to that of lieutenant general and that of the adjutant to major general, the latter being during the incumbency of the present adjutant general, Gen. Corbin. The president is empowered to place on the retired list any officer who has been suspended from duty by suspension, court-martial or by executive order in mitigation of such sentence for a period extending to or within one year of the time of his compulsory retirement for age. This is well understood to apply to Commissary General Eagan.

An amendment creating a veterinary corps for the army consisting of a colonel and 35 other commissioned officers was attached to the bill after a spirited debate.

The fortifications appropriation bill, carrying about $7,500,000, was passed.

House.—The house made fair progress with the sundry civil appropriation bill, completing 73 of the 132 pages of the bill. Much of the time was consumed in an effort of the members of the naval committee to cripple the coast and geodetic survey in retaliation for the refusal of the house to agree to their recommendation, when the naval bill was before the house, to place the survey of the waters of our insular possessions in the hands of the navy. They tried to strike out the item in the bill authorizing the coast survey to survey the coasts in the jurisdiction of the United States, but were defeated.

Lodge to be Permanent Chairman.

New York, May 5.—Local republican leaders say that it has been practically settled by the national republican managers that Senator Wolcott, of Colorado, will be temporary chairman of the convention and Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, permanent chairman. It has also been settled that Senator Foraker should make the speech renominating McKinley. Mr. Hann's plan it is further stated, was to bring Gov. Roosevelt forward to second the nomination, but the governor has not yet consented to this.

Otis Is Relieved of Command.

Washington, May 5.—In accordance with Gen Otis' request to be allowed to return to the United States, the war department yesterday issued orders relieving him, to take effect today, the date fixed by Gen. Otis for his sailing. The orders designate Maj. Gen. MacArthur to succeed Gen. Otis in command of the division of the Philippines. Gen Wheaton is designated to succeed MacArthur as commander of the department of southern Luzon.

Austria's Emperor Visits Berlin.

Berlin, May 5.—The standard of the emperor of Austria waves from the royal palace in Berlin, signifying that the ruler of the dual monarchy has taken up his residence there. The train bearing Emperor Francis Joseph arrived promptly on time. The greetings between the two emperors were most cordial, the monarchs embracing and kissing each other on both cheeks.

Stamp Counterfeiter Arrested.

Washington, May 5.—Chief Wilkie has received a telegram announcing the arrest at Los Angeles, Cal., of Frank Luther, having in his possession a quantity of counterfeit postage stamps, with paper and a more or less complete outfit for making the same.

A Mining Town Destroyed.

Victoria, B. C., May 5.—The chief portion of the mining town of Sandon, East Kootenai, was destroyed by fire Friday. The railway station and telegraph office were burned. Sandon is in the center of the silver lead mining district of British Columbia.

$500 Reward

The above Reward will be paid for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who placed iron and slabs on the track of the Emporium & Rich Valley R. R., near the east line of Franklin Housler's farm, on the evening of Nov. 21st, 1891.

HENRY AUCHU, *President.*

38-tf.

FINE LIQUOR STORE

—IN—

EMPORIUM, PA.

THE undersigned has opened a first-class Liquor store, and invites the trade of Hotels, Restaurants, &c. We shall carry none but the best American and Imported

WHISKIES, BRANDIES GINS AND WINES,

BOTTLED ALE, CHAMPAGNE, Etc.

Choice line of

Bottled Goods.

IN addition to my large line of liquors I carry constantly in stock a full line of CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Pool and Billiard Room in same building. CALL AND SEE ME.

A. A. McDONALD,

PROPRIETOR, EMPORIUM, PA.

F. X. BLUMLE,

EMPORIUM, PA.

Bottler of and Dealer in

BEER, WINES, WHISKIES,

And Liquors of All Kinds.

The best of goods always carried in stock and everything warranted as represented.

Especial Attention Paid to Mail Orders.

EMPORIUM, PA.

GO TO

J. A. Kinsler's,

Broad Street, Emporium, Pa.,

Where you can get anything you want in the line of

Groceries, Provisions,

FLOUR, SALT MEATS, SMOKED MEATS, CANNED GOODS, ETC.,

Teas, Coffees, Fruits, Confectionery, Tobacco and Cigars.

Goods Delivered Free any Place in Town.

CALL AND SEE ME AND GET PRICES.

NEAR P. & E. DEPOT

EMPORIUM

Bottling Works,

JOHN McDONALD, Proprietor.

Near P. & E. Depot, Emporium, Pa.

Bottler and Shipper of

Rochester Lager Beer,

BEST BRANDS OF EXPORT.

The Manufacturer of Soft Drinks and Dealer in Choice Wines and Pure Liquors.

We keep none but the very best Beer and are prepared to fill Orders on short notice. Private families served daily if desired.

JOHN McDONALD.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.

OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

O. A. SNOW & CO.

OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE IN CHICAGO & NEW YORK AT THE A. N. KELLOGG NEWSPAPER CO.

Cameron County Press.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance.....$1 50

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2 00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business Cards, five lines or less $5.00 per year over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising

No local inserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO Law Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For Auditor General,
EDMUND B. HARDENBERGH, of Wayne.
Congress-at-Large,
GALUSHA A. GROW, of Susquahanna.
ROBERT H. FOERDERER, of Philadelphia.
Congress,
JOSEPH C. SIBLEY, of Venango.

COUNTY ORGANIZATION.
B. W. GREEN, Esq., Chairman.
A. C. BLUM, Esq., Secretary.

EDITORIAL MENTION.

While we are exporting half a million dollars worth of provisions every day of the month the foreign market must be of some benefit to farmers.

General Prosperity is too busy at the factories to think of following the line of march adopted by General Coxey. And, come to think of it, General Prosperity would have to march alone, for there are no idle laborers now to tramp the country.

The Democratic cry of imperialism is a bugaboo. Such a policy could never exist in the United States, and the attempt to attribute it to President McKinley is only one of that party's campaign roorbacks.

If the Republican party remains in power there will be some definite Congressional legislation in regard to the control of trusts, so that they shall not interfere with similar competing industries. Ohio has sounded the keynote.

Three years ago the farmer shipped his three-year-old thousand pound steer to market and sold it for $22.50. This year he has sold it for $50. Protection that gives work to labor and circulates money creates a paying demand for the American farmer's beef.

Since 1897 there has been a general upward movement in the prices of commodities in the United States. This was the cry of the Democratic party in 1896: "Give us free silver and prices will advance all along the line." But the Republicans killed free silver and prices went up just the same.

On the 2d of April, 1900, close upon 1,000 free rural postal delivery routes had been established, some of them serving as many as twelve or fifteen hundred people daily, the average being 750 persons to a route. Not one State which had asked for the service has been left unrepresented. The good work is still going on. Nothing short of a revolution can now check it.

The Manila correspondent of a Paris paper, "Le Temps," wrote that if the Filipinos "did not expect help from the Democrats the killing of American citizens and the expenses of the war would end at once." Every human being who wishes to see our soldiers defeated is opposed to McKinley. It is singular indeed what sympathy the Democratic party inspires among the enemies of our country.

"We Know Our Business," Yes! We Do.

We are Americans thro' and thro',
Fearless we'll follow the Red, White and Blue,
Even tho' it land us in Tim-buc-too.

The Great Republican Song and Song Book for 1900. 20 inspiring songs, words and music, all for 25c. Stamps taken. Agents wanted. McCallip Music Co., Columbus, Ohio.

POINTED COMMENT.

Aguinaldo's next bit of encouragement will be carried in the Kansas City platform.

‡ ‡

The political organization that depends upon the unrest and discontentment for its success is an excellent thing to deprive of power.

‡ ‡

The value of raw sugar in the countries of its production was 25 per cent higher last March than the average price in 1897.

‡ ‡

"Republican legislation has tied our hands; we could do no great amount of harm in four years." Are the voters prepared to turn the government over to men who come to them with such appeals?

‡ ‡

The Kentucky Democrats may find the locking up of the Republican majority a rather costly thing before they are done with it.

‡ ‡

Whether it is better to keep on paying $200,000,000 a year to foreign shipowners, or legislate so that American ships may earn that money and keep it at home, is one of the things Congress will decide before adjournment.

‡ ‡

The closing of the mill opens a fresh petal of Democratic hope. Fortunately few such openings and closings are taking place now days.

‡ ‡

A Kansas editor has referred to the Hon. Champ Clark as "a diamond pin in the shirt front of freedom." Those who have witnessed the manner in which the gentleman from Missouri hops about from issue to issue are disposed to regard him as a sort of a linch pin in the shirt front of fleadom.

‡ ‡

The unusual enthusiasm shown at recent State conventions, and the earnest efforts put forth to get places on the ticket by the Republican candidates, form good evidence that they are convinced that this is a winning year.

‡ ‡

Notice has been served on the gold Democrats that, if they will return to the fold, the Chicago platform will be changed to the extent of varying the order of the subjects treated, and if they insist on still further changes, those having the matter in charge may shift the 16 to 1 plank round so as to read 32 to 2. But all backsliders who come in under this new confession of faith must do works meet for repentance before they can hope to have a place at the pie counter.

‡ ‡

The Democrats are very much in need of a few more principles and a few less expediences.

‡ ‡

With our iron ore in the ground, ready to be mined, our rolling mills in readiness to make shapes for shipbuilding, and our shipbuilders all ready to begin the upbuilding of an American merchant marine, it will be a sad thing for Congress to neglect to provide the necessary legislation to that end before adjournment.

‡ ‡

If the Democratic party could secure a new platform, new managers and a new candidate as easily as they secure a new convention hall, the Republicans might not feel so confident of the result of the coming election.

‡ ‡

The Pacific Slope, from Puget Sound to Lower California is a unit for expansion. The voters out there will no more vote to retire from the Philippines than New Yorkers would vote to abolish all Atlantic commerce. It is not difficult to convince them that trade follows the flag.

‡ ‡

If the hard times that the country suffered during the former administration were not on account of, but in spite of, Democratic effort to prevent them, and the present prosperity is due not to Republican efforts to bring it about, but in spite of the same, the only safe thing for the lover of prosperity to do is to endeavor to keep that party in power whose blunders make good times.

‡ ‡

It would be amazing enough if the predictions of the free traders that nothing will be done for American shipping at the present session of Congress, and that nothing can be done for American shipping at the next session, should turn out to be prophetic.

‡ ‡

This Administration expresses no opinion of the Boer war because it is none of our business to do so. What would have been thought, for instance, if any European government had expressed an opinion, or attempted to interfore, in our war with Spain? The whole country would have howled, and rightly so. Why, then, should we meddle with the affairs of others?

‡ ‡

Free traders and defenders of foreign interests in the United States are gleefully predicting the postponement and defeat of shipping legislation.

‡ ‡

Cannadian efforts to drive American goods out of the Dominion market by discriminating duties in favor of British goods have not yet been successful. On July 1 next Canada tariff rates will be still further lowered in favor of the products of the United Kingdom.

The Emporium Liars Club.

The Emporium Club held an interesting session last Friday evening, an unusually large number of members being present. Wm. Snyder, a very able and experienced member, was chosen as chairman. Snyder, after a few remarks, cut loose, and for an hour or more it was impossible to get a chance to breathe. He told his bear story, his pig story, his soldier story, and many others, all of which deserve mention, but owing to want of space we are unable to publish.

Dalrymple handed in his resignation, and gave as cause for so doing, that "the club hold their meetings too far from the brewery." A motion was made to change the meeting place and he decided not to resign.

Ed. McNerney then took the floor and poured some hot shot at Johnny Hogan, who threw a tobacco quid and hit John Waddington in the eye. While Waddington danced the two-step, Geo. Skinner told of his trip to the Philippines and said that he thought of returning next fall to spend the winter. At present Mr. Skinner is playing ball with the Rich Valley team, but has been unable to find anybody to hold his curves. Willard Sweezy is endeavoring to catch them, and does quite well, but has to use a bird cage.

Secretary Brennan read a communication from Pap Blodget, saying the Sinnemahoning club would not pay Emporium a visit this spring as some of the members were away and he had sore feet, which had a very disgusting odor. The secretary was notified to write a letter sympathizing with the old man, as we have several members which the club expect to give a vacation for the same ailment.

James Haley threw an egg and hit Brennan on the head. Wow, wow! It took some time to restore order and then "Smike" Blinzler arose and said his friend Kackenmeister, while in attack of the nightmare the other night, had a terrible experience, and the club fined them both for drinking water before retiring.

An application for membership from "Big Joe," was then read and accepted and R. H. Hirsch appointed to prepare the candidate for initiation, who retired and in a few minutes had his man in tow, on the end of a rope halter. The usual ceremonies were gone through with, but as the goat was not feeling well, a wheel barrow with the "little giant" attachment was substituted and all went well until the invention was put into working order, when great excitement prevailed. Joe jumped through a window and landed squarely on Dalrymple's cow and succeeded in getting away. Hirsch was fined for not attending strictly to business and it was decided that hereafter all candidates should wear a cow bell, in case such a thing should ever happen again it would be impossible to escape. No further business the club adjourned.

EXCURSION NOTICES.

REDUCED RATES TO WASHINGTON D. C., VIA PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Account Imperial Council, Order of Mystic Shrine.

For the Imperial Council, Order of the Mystic Shrine, at Washington, D. C., May 22-24, the Pennsylvania Railroad will sell tickets to the general public, from all stations on its line, to Washington and return, at rate of one fare for the round trip. Tickets to be sold and good going May 19-21, returning to May 28, inclusive. 1591-11-2t

Through Sleeping Car to Washington, via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the accommodation of persons desiring to visit Washington, D. C., during the Imperial Council of the Order of the Mystic Shrine, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has arranged to run a through sleeping car from Erie to Washington on May 20th and 21st, on train No. 4, leaving Erie at 4:30, arriving at Washington 7:45 a. m. 1594 11-2t

Reduced Rates to North Manchester Ind., via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For meeting of German Baptist Brethren, at North Manchester, Ind., May 29 to June 8, 1900, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will place special excursion tickets on sale May 29 to June 3, 1900, from stations west of Baltimore (not inclusive), and Lancaster and Reading (inclusive), and south of and including Sunbury, at rate of one first-class limited fare for the round trip. Tickets will be good returning until July 1, inclusive. 1588-11-2t

Reduced Rates to Camden, Ind., via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For meeting of Old Order of German Baptist Brethren at Camden, Ind., June 3 to 5, 1900, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell, from May 31 to June 3, inclusive, excursion tickets to Camden, Ind., from stations on its line west of Baltimore, Md. (not inclusive), west of and including Lancaster and Reading, and from stations south of and including Sunbury, at rate of one first-class limited fare for the round trip. Tickets will be good returning until July 5, inclusive.

W. M. Mayhew, Merton, Wis., says, "I consider One Minute Cough Cure a most wonderful medicine, quick and safe." It is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. It cures coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, grippe, whooping-cough, pneumonia and all throat and lung diseases. Its early use prevents consumption. Children always like it and mothers endorse it. R. C. Dodson. 5ly

First Fork.

Verne Beckner, of Mississippi, is visiting in this section.

The weather being so cold and the water so low, the fisherman have had a very poor catch this spring.

Farmers are getting ready for planting corn here, but there will not be much of it done until after the middle of May.

Mrs. R. M. Williams has been at Wharton several days, waiting on her sister Mrs. Keck. who is suffering from an attack of la grippe.

M. J. Colcord, of the Potter Journal, was down Thursday and Friday, visiting his father D. D. Colcord of this place and fishing a little, incidentally.

A. J. Bailey was over from Cross Fork on Friday and let the cutting and peeling of his hemlock on the R. M. Williams place, to Wes. Burlingame of Wharton.

Uncle Jimmy O'Brien and Brooks Lorshbaugh are right into the live stock biz. picking up all the calves they can find, and raising them. Uncle Jimmy has thirteen and Brooks an even half dozen.

It looks now as though the cold storm of last Friday and the contined cold nights since have settled the fruit question in this section this season. However the snow storm done one good thing in putting out the forest fires which have done a good deal of damage in this section.

Reward.

We, the undersigned druggists, offer a reward of 50 cents to any person who purchases of us, two 25 cent boxes of Baxter's Mandraks Bitters Tablets, if it fails to cure constipation, biliousness, sick-headache, jaundice, loss of appetite, sour stomach, dyspepsia, liver complaint, or any of the diseases for which it is recommended. Price 25 cents for either tablets or liquid. We will also refund the money on one package of either if it fails to give satisfaction. L. Taggart. R. C. Dodson. 34-25ly

$500 Reward.

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion. Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liverita, the up-to-date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes containes 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail; stamps taken. NERVITA MEDICAL CO., Cor. Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Ill. Sold by R. C. Dodson, Druggist Emporium, Pa. 34-49ly

The ancients believed that rheumatism was the work of a demon within a man. Any one who has had an attack of sciatic or inflammatory rheumatism will agree that the infliction is demoniac enough to warrant the belief. It has never been claimed that Chamberlain's Pain Balm would cast out demons, but it will cure rheumatism, and hundreds bear testimony to the truth of this statement. One application relieves the pain, and this quick relief which it affords is alone worth many times its cost. For sale by L. Taggart. mar

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Administrators' Notice.

Estate of CHARLES H. STEWART, deceased.

LETTERS of administration on the Estate of Charles H. Stewart, late of Lumber township, Cameron county, Pennsylvania, deceased, having been granted to B. E. Smith, Mrs. Cora Stewart and W. A. McClellan, residing in said township, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands, will make known the same without delay.

B. E. SMITH,
MRS. CORA STEWART,
W. A. McCLELLAN
Administrators.

GREEN & SHAFFER,
Solicitors for Administrators.
Sterling Run, Pa., May 7th, 1900.—n11-6t.

NO. 3255.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

—OF THE—

First National Bank

at Emporium, in the State of Pennsylvania at the close of business, April 26, 1900.

Resources.

Loans and discounts		$166,927 80
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		241 48
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		12,500 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds		1,000 00
Stocks, Securities, etc.		1,850 71
Banking-house, furniture and fixtures.		6,250 00
Due from National Banks (not Reserve Agents)		82 40
Due from State Banks and Bankers		180 81
Due from approved reserve agents		52,752 83
Internal-Revenue Stamps		94 00
Checks and other cash items		181 46
Notes of other National Banks		1,550 00
Fractional paper, currency, nickels and cents		89 04
Specie	$13,774 70	
Legal-tender notes	5,000 00	18,774 70
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)		562 50
TOTAL		$263,031 73

Liabilities.

Capital stock paid in	$50,000 00
Surplus fund	35,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	3,345 65
National Bank Notes outstanding	11,250 00
Due to other National Banks	8,631 06
Individual deposits subject to check	154,505 02
Cashier's checks outstanding	300 00
TOTAL	$263,031 73

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, } ss:
County of Cameron, }

I, T. B. Lloyd, Cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

T. B. LLOYD, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of May, 1900. }
M. M. LARRABEE, J. P.

CORRECT—Attest:
GEO. A. WALKER,
N. SEGER,
JOSIAH HOWARD, } *Directors.*

Dr. Fenner's KIDNEY and Backache Cure.
For all Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Troubles, Lame Back, Heart Disease, Skin Disease, Rheumatism, Bed Wetting, etc.
Unfailing in Female Weakness.
By dealers. 50c. size by mail 60c Fredonia, NY.
R. C. Dodson, Agent,
35-9ly. Emporium, Pa.

THE PRESS IS THE BEST MEDIUM FOR ADVERTISERS IN THIS SECTION. LOW PRICES

HENCH & DROMGOLD

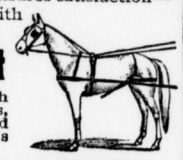
SAWMILL AND ENGINES

A wonderful improvement in Friction Feeds and Gig-Back. Back motion of Carriage 3 times as fast as any other in the market. Friction Clutch Feed, causing all the feed gearing to stand still while backing; great saving in power and wear. Catalogue and prices free. Also Spring Harrows, Cultivators, Corn Planters, Shellers, etc.
Mention this paper.
HENCH & DROMGOLD, Mfrs., York, Pa.

Deal with the Makers

When you buy a carriage, buggy or harness. Choose from the biggest stock and fullest assortment, and pay only the cost of making, with but one moderate profit added. Our plan of selling direct from the factory insures satisfaction—your money back if you're dissatisfied with your purchase—and enables you to

save the dealer's profit



No. 3034 Buggy. Price $38.30 with leather quarter top.

Our complete illustrated catalogue, showing many styles of high grade vehicles, harness, robes, blankets, and horse equipments, with detailed descriptions of each, mailed free. Write for it and learn how cheaply you can buy when the jobber's and dealer's profits are cut off.

THE COLUMBUS CARRIAGE & HARNESS CO., P. O. Box 772, Columbus, O.

No. 240 Single Strap Buggy Harness. Price $8.15

The Dear Children!

WHO HAVE BEEN SHUT UP ALL WINTER WILL NOW HAVE THE BENEFIT OF THE FRESH SPRING AIR.

We have just received the finest line of Carriages from the best house in the land—all new and at prices within your reach. Come and take a peep at these goods.

NEW CARPETS AND NEW FURNITURE.

While our delivery wagon has been kept busy filling orders for our customers the railroads keep shipping in the newest styles in Carpets and Furniture. Don't wait until you have cleaned house before you come for that new carpet or furniture—come now and we will be ready for you. Our Carpets are going at our bargain prices. Our prices on furniture are always right.

GEO. J. LaBAR

Bargains.

ART SQUARES

Will be disposed of at

Cost, for Next Ten Days.

You are invited to come and see them.

BALCOM & LLOYD.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.

Emporium, Pa., April 5, 1900.

NEMOPHILA, per sack,	$1 10
Graham, "	55
Rye, "	55
Buckwheat, "	75
Patent Meal, "	45
Coarse Meal, per 100,	1 10
Chop Feed, "	1 10
White Middlings, "	1 10
Bran, "	1 10
Corn, per bushel,	60
White Oats, per bushel,	40
Choice Clover Seed, Choice Timothy Seed, Choice Millet Seed, Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	At Market Prices.

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.
At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..

Yes, this is the time of year to think of Summer luxuries.

Dodson sells Summer luxuries, such as fine sponges, brushes, rubber bath brushes, toilet powders, bath tablets, soaps, perfumes, &c., &c.

DODSON'S Sarsaparilla is "all right" for a Spring RENOVATOR. Try it.

Pharmacy, Cornor 4th and Chestnut Sts.

R. C. DODSON.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card, or letter, personally.

Rev. E. Fuller has moved from Driftwood to Weston Mills.

Thad F. Moore has started in on his log job near Johnsonburg.

Bert Olmsted was visiting relatives at Bellefonte the past week.

Mrs. Ed. Easterbrooks is visiting her friends in New York this week.

A C. Fenton and W. P. Lloyd left on Sunday for Cape Nome, Alaska.

Father Becker, of Port Allegany, was guest of Father Downey, last Monday.

Miss Delia Clare, of Cameron was circulating among friends in town on Wednesday.

Chas. Gleason, of Driftwood, was in town on Saturday and visited the PRESS sanctum.

John Rutz, for a number of years employed at the dynamite works, has resigned his position.

John Huff, Esq., of Sterling Run, is paying Emporium his annual visit and looking up old friends.

Miss Margaret Lynch, of Olean, has been visiting her sister Mrs. Orville Proudfoot the past week.

Mrs. W. H. Taylor and children left last Friday for Buffalo, where Mr. Taylor is now employed.

John Flemming has moved his family from Sterling Run to Emporium. He is employed at the Furnace.

Thos. Lyons came down from St. Marys last Saturday and spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. Wm. Lyons and wife.

Miss Nellie Hogan has returned from an extended visit with relatives at Binghamton, N. Y. She reports a most pleasant visit.

Mr. W. J. Van Ormer has moved his family to this place. Mr. Van Ormer is employed, as moulder, at Emporium Machine Works.

Chas. Norton and Frank G. Hoag, of Sterling Run, were shaking hands with their numerous Emporium friends last Saturday evening.

Henry Dubendorf, the expert penman and book-keeper employed by R. P. Bingman was a PRESS caller last Thursday evening.

F. A. Leet and Miss Edith Olmsted, of Coudersport, visited with relatives in Emporium last Saturday and Sunday, returning home on Monday.

Mrs. Arthur H. Fulton, of Chicago, Ill., and Mrs. Decatur Lacy, of Buffalo, N. Y., are visiting their parents Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Healy and family, at this place.

The PRESS regrets to learn that Mrs. A. E. Wheaton, of Third street, who has been ill for several days with pneumonia, is very low and in a very precarious condition.

Hon. I. K. Hockley on Monday received a letter from his daughter, Miss Ada, who is accompaning Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Howard, of Williamsport, on their European trip. The party had a delightful voyage of twelve days. None of the party enjoyed (?) the pleasant sensation of sea sickness.

B. W. Green transacted business at Atlantic City last Saturday.

Miss Estella M. Wylie, of Sterling Run, is visiting friends in town to-day.

Misses Jennie and May Gould leave to-morrow to visit Buffalo friends for a week.

J. P. Felt returned on Monday from North Carolina, where he attended the funeral of his mother at Wake Forest, N. C.

Mrs. W. S. Warner was summoned to Emporium last week by the serious illness of her mother.—Austin Autograph.

Mrs. Kirkpatrick and Miss Wiley, of Beechwood, attended commencement exercises here last evening, returning home to-day.

Miss Maud Steck, the lady bookkeeper at Emporium Machine Co.'s works, is visiting at Williamsport and having her eyes treated.

John D. Klein, of Williamsport, a former resident of this place, has been dangerously ill but at this writing is reported much improved.

Hon. B. E. Wormelsdorff, of Phillipsburg, a coal and coke expert, is examining the coal openings of the Sinnamahoning Iron Company.

Hon. J. C. Johnson is on important railroad business on First Fork, in connection with right of way for the Goodyear road to Sinnamahoning.

Mr. G. B. Shadman, clerk in U. S. Senate document department, who is visiting his parents at this place, was an agreeable PRESS visitor yesterday.

Mathew O'Byrne, Sr., has gone to Pittsburg to spend a few days. Mrs. O'Byrne has been there for two weeks, being called to attend the funeral of a relative.

Alva H. Gregory, editor of Johnsonburg Press, attended commencement exercises last evening. His cousin, Miss Bertha Gregory, was one of the graduates.

Chief operator T. V. Mulligan is suffering with a severe attack of erysipelas which confines him for the present to his rooms at the Renovo Hotel.—Renovo News.

C. A. Hopler, the portrait artist from Williamsport, is stopping in town for a few days. Orders may be left at Rockwell's drug store where specimen copies of work can be seen.

E. M. Parrott, of Rochester, has been transacting business in Emporium this week. Mr. Parrott was formerly manager of the Furnace at this place and President of the Sinnamahoning Iron Company.

Mr. Elmer G. Putnam and bride, *nee* Adly Mason, were PRESS visitors on Saturday, accompanied by Mrs. B. E. Lord, of Emporium. They will locate permanently at Sterling Run, we are are glad to learn.

This morning W. A. Sprung of Emporium, one of our oldest and best railroad friends of olden times, favored this office with a call which will long be remembered. Many pleasant memories were recalled, and we trust that Mr. Sprung enjoyed the visit as much as we did. Come again, "Bill."—Port Allegany Press.

Mrs. Thos. H. Norris and son arrived in Emporium last Thursday and are guests of Mrs. N.'s parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Fay. The terrible forest fires about Portland Mills compelled Mr. Norris to send his wife and son to Emporium for safety. Mr. N. arrived in Emporium last Tuesday upon an important mission. It is intimated he came in contact with a goat.

L. S. Fisk, who recently moved from Emporium to St. Marys, has been elected instructor of the band. The Gazette last week, says: "Mr. Fisk, one of the present members, will take the position of instructor. He is also an exceptionally able man in his line so we expect our band to still keep on improving. It is the intention of the boys to enter the contest for honors at the band tournament to be held during the summer."

N. Seger is rushing his Summer suit sale See him at once.

The Spinsters' Convention.

The ladies' Sewing Society of Emmanuel Church are preparing to entertain the Spinsters' Convention to assemble at the opera house in Emporium sometime the latter part of this month or the first of June. The event will be a rich treat and will be hugely enjoyed by all who attend. Full particulars will be announced later.

Captured a Prize.

Our energetic young friend and artist, Wm. G. Bair, manager of J. B. Schriever photo studio at this place, has been highly honored by the Pennsylvania State Photographers' Convention. recently in session at Pittsburg. Mr. Bair has labored hard during the past eleven years in his chosen profession and his work having been so highly complimented he was persuaded to enter the contest for prizes in the Cabinet Class. The Judges awarded the young artist a bronze medal which no doubt is highly appreciated. Mr. Bair is rapidly forging to the front and some of the older competitors will do well to look to their laurels in the future for W. G. Bair is bound to carry off the first prize in 1901.

Commencement.

The commencement exercises at the opera house last evening was attended by an immense audience. The decorations were profuse and extremely handsome, showing that master hands and well cultivated talent was employed in the arrangement and designing of the floral display.

The graduates did honor both to themselves and teachers in the polished and high toned manner in which they acquitted themselves. The young ladies and gentlemen are to be congratulated upon their success in acquiring the high standard of intellect which they so ably proved themselves to possess, and their teachers should feel proud of the evidence thus given of their several abilities as instructors. Words fail us to give utterance in due measure to Principal and teacher. It would be difficult to sum up in a brief way, the magnitude of the results of a season's labor as shown last evening by the brilliancy of those who performed their final tasks as High School students.

Some of the striking and very pleasing features of the occasion were the musical renditions by the High School Orchestra, piano solo by Miss Byrde Taggart, the piano duet by Misses Grace Leet and Abby Metzger, and C. H. Felt, the Dutch commedian Hon. I. K. Hockley, Miss Lillian Heilman the Irish contralto, and Mrs. Burnell soprano, composing a mixed quartette that needs no further mixing by us.

L. K. Huntington, President of the School Board, in a modest and well worded speech, presented the graduates with their diplomas.

Prof. H. F. Stauffer, in his usual polite way, explained the cause of the absence of Dr. Flickinger, and introduced Prof. McNeal, a member of the faculty of the Lock Haven State Normal School, who gave the class address, which was replete of solid brain food and par excellent advise.

The High school prize—an elegantly bound edition of Webster's dictionery, was awarded to Miss Katie Welsh, she having been accorded the highest average in orthography during the past three months. The prize was offered by Mr. Josiah Howard.

The piano used on this occasion was loaned by Mr. O. B. Hummell, of Lock Haven, and is for sale.

Gorton's Minstrels.

Will be greeted with a big house this Thursday evening. It is a matter of note that in all the years since the organization of Gorton's Famous Minstrels, no person has left the theatre dissatisfied—a most remarkable record. This is probably due to the fact that all classes enjoy a good, clean, up-to-date minstrel entertainment, and the Gorton's embody all that is refined and enjoyable in modern minstrelsy. Manager Larkin is a thorough-going minstrel man and always keeps his company supplied with the best talent money can procure. He is a business man and applies business methods in his transactions. He reasons that nothing is too good for his patrons, and consequently when you hear of Gorton's Minstrels coming, you can depend upon seeing the prettiest and best show of minstrelsy on the road. "Every performer is a star" in his particular line—there is not a lame spot in the company; the singing and musical selections are especially good.

Watch for the grand street concert at noon, given by America's best solo minstrel band. The program will consist of selections from the latest popular and operatic successes.

Get your seats early at H. S. Lloyd's. Reserved seats 50c. Admission 35c. Children 25c.

Prizes for Lawns and Gardens.

As previously announced, the Sunday Schools of Emporium offer two prizes in each ward ($5 and $3) for well kept premises. The contest is open to any household. No fee required for entering; no expense save a little time and labor (of which you get the chief benefit), and what you may expend for seeds, etc. The time limit for entering the contest has been extended to May 21. Please give your name before that time to some member of the Committee: Mrs. R. P. Heilman, Mrs. Chas. Seger, Hon. I. K. Hockley, Mr. Chas. Felt, Mr. J. W. Kaye.

A boy was compelled by his teacher to write an essay on "The Mouth," for some infraction of the rules, and this is what he wrote: "Your mouth is the front door of your face; it is the cold storage of the anatomy. Some mouths look like peaches and cream; some look like a hole in a brick wall to admit a door or window. The mouth is a crimson aisle to your liver; it is patriotism's fountain and a tool chest for pie. Without the mouth the politician would be a wanderer on the face of the earth and go down to an unhonored grave. It is the grocer's friend, the orator's pride and the dentist's hope. It puts some on the rostrum and some in jail. It is temptation's lunch counter when attached to a maiden, and tobacco's friend when to a man. It is the home of the unruly member—the tongue. Without it married life would be like a summer dream and the dude would lose half of his attraction."—Ex.

If you want a Tenant.
If you want a Boarder,

The Liar's Club.

The other morning a truthful citizen chanced to meet a member of the Emporium Liars' Club, and improved the opportunity to speak of the evil of telling things that are not so.

"I try to live up to the rules of my Club," said the liar.

"Lying has become a second nature to me; it is my nature to be false, but I cannot be false to my nature; so I keep on lying."

"Your philosophy is as false as your profession," exclaimed the truthful citizen.

"For all that I shall stick to it," replied the Liar. "Do you expect a Liar to uphold true philosophy? Still, we Liars do not like to be thought utterly depraved or incapable of anything that is good. We lie because we must, and because it is our delight, but we sometimes try to use our art in the interests of the public good, indirectly at least. For example, let me tell you about the latest doings of our Club.

"At our last meeting, the condition of our streets and alleys was under discussion. One of our new members, who as yet is far from being proficient in our art, ventured to say that some of our public alleys and nearly all the private lanes in the borough are disgraceful in appearance. You may imagine what a chilling reception was accorded such a statement by experienced members of the Liars' Club. We warned the young man that the offense must not be repeated; and in order to defend the cause of Lies against the horrid assault of black truth, we appointed a committee to walk through the lanes and alleys, and to make an appropriate report at our next meeting. Two others with myself were entrusted with this commission. We have completed our work, and I may as well tell you what our report is to be.

"We shall say that the alleys and lanes are an ornament to our town; that no one who has not been through them has any idea of what beautiful sights blush there unseen of the multitude; that eight men can walk abreast the whole length of the alley that runs parallel to Fourth and Fifth streets and between them, so free is this alley from all accumulations of rubbish, that not a rusty can did we see anywhere, no broken glass, no empty bottles, no old boards and sticks, no feathers, no old wire netting, no decayed vegetation, no filth, no open sewers, no ugly, shackly fences, no disgraceful outbuildings adjoining, no ill-kept backyards. Where the whole is well-nigh perfect, it is hard to discriminate; but we must award the highest praise to that section of the alley which lies between Poplar and Vine streets, and also to the locality near the intersection of the alley with Cherry street."

The truthful citizen drew a long breath, and rubbed his forehead to assure himself of his own identity Having recovered his self-possession he remarked, "Your Club will have no cause to complain of that report; they should give you a medal and a special vote of thanks, and relax the rules of the Club in your favor for a month. Such exhibitions of your art are not to be expected every day or every week."

Wants Ladies to Remove Hats.

Rev. Thurston, of the Canisteo M. E. church, has started a movement against ladies wearing their hats while attending services in his church. In speaking on the subject from the pulpit the reverend gentleman said: "One way in which reverence might be demonstrated toward God and His house is by the ladies removing their hats when they come into the public congregation. A gentleman told me the other day he liked the sermon at my church, but did not know who preached it. From beginning to end he was absolutely unable to see the speaker. It would be amusing if not pitiful to see people go through the necessary contortions from the middle and rear of the house in order to enjoy the services. The devil has the best of us in this respect, as in the theaters it is no longer in good form to obstruct a clear view of the stage by means of headgear. In behalf of necks which will probably be dislocated—for sake of reverence in divine worship—let the ladies of this congregation band together and abolish this unseemly nuisance."

Teachers' Examinations for 1900.

The Cameron County Teachers' examinations for 1900 will be as follows:

Sinnamahoning,	May 15
Driftwood,	May 16
Sterling Run,	May 17
Emporium,	May 19
Emporium,	June 30

Professional Certificate Examination May 22.

Examinations will begin promptly at 9:00 a. m.

MATTIE M. COLLINS,
County Superindendent.

I consider it not only a pleasure but a duty I owe to my neighbors to tell about the wonderful cure effected in my case by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I was taken very badly with flux and procured a bottle of this remedy. A few doses of it effected a permanent cure. I take pleasure in recommending it to others suffering from that dreadful disease.—J. W. LYNCH, Dorr, W. Va. This remedy is sold by L. Taggart. mar

If you want to Sell Anything,
If you want to Borrow money,

"ROYAL" BLEND, THE COFFEE THAT ALWAYS PLEASES, 35c lb.

DAY'S

CEYLON-INDIA TEA, EXCELLENT QUALITY, 75c lb.

Emporium's Pure Food Store.

To have at least one place where the varied wants and cravings of the inner man can be satisfactorily supplied is a modern necessity, and recognized convenience. To supply these wants and cravings, at lowest possible cost, consistent, is our endeavor.

NOT HOW CHEAP, BUT HOW GOOD, is our motto.

SPECIAL OFFER FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

With each $3.50 cash purchase we will allow 20 lbs. granulated Sugar at 5c lb. No more. POTATOES, 40c buehel.

Standard Tomatoes, Lake Shore brand, 9c can.
New York State Sugar Corn, extra quality, 9c can.
"Hamburg" Peas, 12c per can. Worth, 15c.
Lemon Cling Peaches, California extra select, 20c can, worth, 25c.
California Green Gage Plums, extra heavy syrup, 18c can.
Bartlet Pears, "Silver Crown" brand, 20c can, worth, 25c.

Try Anderson's Cranberry Sauce. An excellent article prepared from selected fruit, 25c can.

You may reduce the everyday expenses of the house if you take advantage of the prices we name for FRIDAY and SATURDAY sale, of PURE STAPLE GROCERIES. The best is cheapest and that's what you get when you buy of us. We do not sacrifice quality for price.

Telephone 6, Fourth St.

J. H. DAY.

THE
New Furniture Store

is so popular now that it is a household word in every home in this county.

Every day it advances. Every day it becomes better. Pushing ahead—Progressing with astonishing rapidity. Indisputable proof that the IMMENSITY and VARIETY of our stock together with our LOW PRICES, are attracting more attention than ever. *Every department bears unmistakable evidence that we are selling cheaper than any other house.* It will pay you to learn OUR PRICES before making purchases elsewhere. . . . . .

Cheapest. ☞ to ☜ Medium.		Cheapest ☞ to ☜ Medium.	
$12.00—Bed Room Suite, oak,—	$60	$5.00 Dining Tables, (extension)	$25
15.00.....Parlor Suite,.....	75	1.00 each, .. Dining Chairs,...	3.00
1.50.....Rockers,.....	15	19.00 .....Side Boards.....	40.00
7.00.....Chiffoniers,.....	15	.25.....Mirrors,.....	8.00
6 50.....Couches,.....	35	2.50.....Mattresses,.....	12.00

BABY CARRIAGES AND GO-CARTS.

Every baby in this town should ride in a carriage, even if some have to walk a little later on in life. Our line of handsome buggies is most extensive, comprising all the newest and BEST shapes the market affords, with all the LATEST improvements for service and comfort.

Scientific Embalming! Funeral Directing!!

Remember the place, next door to Odd Fellows Block.

RESIDENCE UP STAIRS. *OPEN ALL NIGHT.*

THE EMPORIUM FURNITURE COMPANY,

BERNARD EGAN, Manager,

EMPORIUM, - - - PA.

Wholesale Prices to Users.

Our General Catalogue quotes them. Send 15c to partly pay postage or expressage and we'll send you one. It has 1100 pages, 17,000 illustrations and quotes prices on nearly 70,000 things that you eat and use and wear. We constantly carry in stock all articles quoted.

The Tallest Mercantile Building in the World, Owned and Occupied Exclusively By Us.

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., Michigan Av. & Madison St., Chicago.

The Cameron County Press

Is the best advertising medium in this section of the State; has a larger circulation than any other weekly paper pub- in Western Pennsylvania. Rates given upon application.

OUR JOB PRINTING

Department is equipped with all the up-to-date styles of type and first-class work can be done on short notice.

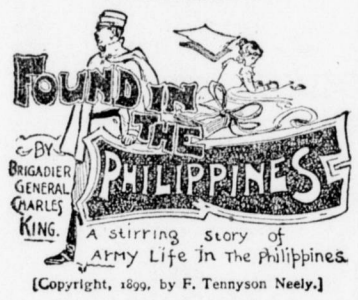
"KEEP TO THE RIGHT."

"Keep to the right," is the law of the road—
Make it a law of your moral code;
In whatsoe'er you determine to do
Follow the road of the Good and the True;
Follow and fear not; by day and by night,
Up hill or down hill, "keep to the right,"

Doubt will assail you, temptation will woo—
"Keep to the right," for the right is the true;
Doubt is a traitor, temptation a shame;
A heart that is honest, a life without blame,
Will rank you far higher, in worth and renown,
Than the grandest of kings, wth his scepter and crown.

"Keep to the right," in the journey of life,
There is crowding and jostling, trouble and strife;
The weak will succumb to the bold and the strong,
And many go under and many go wrong;
He will acquit himself best in the fight
Who shirks not his duty, and "keeps to the right."

"Keep to the right," and the Right will keep you
In touch and accord with the Good and the True;
These are the best things in life, after all,
They make it worth living, whatever befall,
And Death has no terrors, when he comes in sight,
For the man who determines to "keep to the right."
—Charles W. Hubner, in Atlanta Constitution.



[Copyright, 1899, by F. Tennyson Neely.]

CHAPTER VIII.—CONTINUED.

"Nita, if it were only for Mr. Latrobe I should not care a snap of my finger, but it's you—you! I thought you had more sense. I thought you fully understood that you couldn't afford to lose yourself a moment, and yet if ever a girl looked like yielding you did this very afternoon. For my sake, Nita, don't let it go any further—don't fall in love—here—whatever you do."

The younger sister stood at the dressing-table at the moment, her face averted. The Mary Powell was just rounding the point, and the mellow, melodious notes of her bell were still echoing through the Highlands. Nita was gazing out upon the gorgeous effect of sunset light and shadow on the eastern cliffs and crags across the Hudson, a flush as vivid mantling her cheeks, her lips quivering. She was making valiant efforts to control herself before replying.

"I'm not in love with him," she finally said.

"Perhaps not—yet. Surely I hope not, but it looks awfully like it was coming—and Nita, you simply mustn't. You've got to marry money if I have to stand guard over you and see you do it—and you know you can this minute—if you'll only listen."

The younger girl wheeled sharply, her eyes flashing. "Peggy, you promised me I shouldn't hear that hateful thing again—at least not until we left here—and you've broken your word—twice. You—"

"It's because I must. I can't see you drifting—the way I did when, with things have come so terrible sudden like. This time yesterday I was living your youth and—advantages, you can pick and choose. Col. Frost has mines and money all over the west, and he was your shadow at the seashore, and all broken up; he told me so when we came here. Paddy Latrobe is a beautiful boy without a penny—"

"His uncle—" began Nita, feebly.

"His uncle had a sister to support besides Paddy's mother. His pay as brigadier in the regular service is only $5,500. He can't have saved much of anything in the past, and he may last a dozen years yet—or more. Even if he does leave everything then to Latrobe, what'll you do meantime? Don't be a fool, Nita, because I was. I had to be. It was that or nothing, and father was getting tired. You heard how he talked."

The younger sister was still at the dressing-table diligently brushing her shining, curly tresses. She had regained her composure and took occasional furtive peeps at Mrs. Frank, now seated at the foot of the bed, busy with a buttonhook and the adjustment of a pair of very dainty boots of white kid, whose buttons gleamed like pearls. The mates to them, half a size smaller, peeped from the tray of Nita's new trunk.

There came a footstep and a rap at the door. "See what it is, Nita, there's a love—I don't want to hop."

It was a card—a new arrival at the hotel.

"Gentleman said he'd wait in the parlor, 'm," said the bellboy, and vanished. Nita glanced at the card and instantly trouble stood in her paling face. Silently Mrs. Garrison held out her hand, took the card, and one quick look. The buttonhook dropped from her relaxed fingers. The card read:

"Mr. Gouverneur Prime."

For a second or two the sisters gazed at each other in silence.

At last the elder spoke. "In heaven's name, what brings that absurd boy back here? I thought him safe in Europe."

CHAPTER IX.

One of the most charming writers of our day and generation has declared that "the truest blessing a girl can have" is "the ingenuous devotion of a young boy's heart." Nine mothers in ten will probably take issue with the gifted author on that point, and though no longer a young girl in years, whatever she might be in looks. Margaret Garrison would gladly have sent the waiting gentlemen to the right about, for, though he was only 20, "Gov" Prime, as a junior at Columbia, had been ingenuously devoted to the little lady from the very first evening he saw her. A boy of frank, impulsive nature, was "Gov"—a boy still in spite of the budding mustache, the 20 summers and the barely passed "exam" that wound up the junior year and entitled him to sit with the seniors when the great university opened its doors in October. Studies he hated, but tennis, polo, cricket, riding and dancing were things he loved and excelled in. Much of his boyhood had been spent at one of those healthy, hearty English schools where all that would cultivate physical and mental manhood was assiduously practiced, and all that would militate against them was as rigorously "tabooed."

At the coming of his twentieth birthday that summer his father had handed him his check of $5,000—the paternal expression of satisfaction that his boy had never smoked pipe, cigar or cigarette—and the same week "Gov" had carried off the blue ribbon with the racquet, and the second prize with the single sculls. It was during the "exams," the first week in June, when dropping in for five o'clock tea of some girls whom he had known for years, he was presented to this witching little creature whose name he didn't even catch. "We met her way out at an army post in Wyoming when papa took us to California last year," was whispered to him, "and they entertained us so cordially, and of course we said if ever you come to New York you must be sure to let us know—and she did—but—" and there his informant paused, dubious. Other callers came in and it began to rain—a sudden, drenching shower, and the little stranger from the far west saw plainly enough that her hostesses, though presenting their friends after our cheery American fashion, were unable to show her further attention, and the newly presented—almost all women, said "so very pleased" but failed to look it, or otherwise to manifest their pleasure. She couldn't go in the rain. The butler had 'phoned for a cab. She wouldn't sit there alone and neglected. She deliberately signaled Mr. Prime. "The ladies are all busy," she said, with a charmingly appealing smile, "but I know you can tell me. I have to dress for dinner after I get home, and must be at One Hundred and Tenth street at 7:30. How long will it take a carriage to drive me there? Oh, is that your society pin? Why, are you still in college? Why, I thought—"

That cab was 25 minutes coming, and when it came Mr. Prime went with it and her, whom he had not left an instant from the moment of her question. Moreover, he discovered she was nervous about taking that carriage drive all alone away up to One Hundred and Tenth street, yet what other way could a girl go in evening dress? He left her at her door with a reluctantly given permission to return in an hour and escort her to the distant home of her friends and entertainers. He drove to the Waldorf and had a light dinner with a half pint of Hock, devoured her with his eyes as they drove rapidly northward, went to a Harlem theater while she dined and forgot him, and was at the carriage door when she came forth to be driven home. Seven hours or less "had done the business" so far as Gouverneur Prime was concerned.

It was the boy's first wild infatuation—as mad, unreasoning, absurd, yet intense as was ever that of Arthur Pendennis for the lovely Fotheringay. Margaret Garrison had never seen or known the like of it. She had fascinated others for a time, had kindled love, passion and temporary devotion, but this—this was worship, and it was something so sweet to her jaded senses, something so rich and spontaneous that she gave herself up for a day or two to the delight of studying it. Here was a glorious young athlete whose eyes followed her every move and gesture, who hung about her in utter captivation, whose voice trembled and whose eyes implored, yet whose strong, brown, shapely hand never dared so much as touch hers, except when she extended it in greeting. He was to accompany his father and sister to Europe in a week, so what harm was there? He would forget all about it. He knew now she was married. He was presented to Nita, but had hardly a word and never a look for her when Margaret was near. He was dumb and miserable all the day they drove in the park and later dined at Delmonico's with Col. Frost. He was sick, even when mounted on his favorite English thoroughbred and scampering about the bridle path for peeps at the drives, when she was at the park again with that gray-haired reprobate, that money shark, Cashton—a Wall street broker black-balled at every decent club in New York. Why should she go with him? He had been most kind, she said, in the advice and aid he had given her in the investment of her little fortune. She told the lie with downcast eyes and cheeks that burned, for most of that little fortune was already frittered away, and Cashton's reports seemed to require many personal visits that had set tongues wagging at the hotels, so much frequented of the army, where she had taken a room until Nita should have been graduated and they could go to the seashore. She had promised to be at home to her boy adorer that very evening and to go with him to Daly's, and he had secured the seats four days ahead. Poor "Gov" had trotted swiftly home from the park, striving to comfort himself over his bath and irreproachable evening clothes that there, with her by his side, the wild jealousy of the day would vanish. Sharply on time he had sent up his card and listened, incredulous, to the reply: "Mrs. Garrison has not yet returned." He would wait, he said, and did wait, biting his nails, treading the floor, fuming in doubt and despair until nearly ten, when a carriage dashed up to the ladies' entrance and that vile Cashton handed her out, escorted her in and vanished. She came hurrying to her boy lover with both little hands outstretched, with a face deeply flushed and words of pleading and distress rushing from her lips. "Indeed I could not help it, Gov," she cried. "I told him of my engagement and said we must not go so far, but away at the north end something happened. I don't know what, a wheel was bent, and the harness wrenched by too short a turn on a stone post at a corner. Something had to be repaired. They said it wouldn't take ten minutes, and he led me out and up to the piazza of that big hotel—you know, we saw it the day I drove with you—"

("He was a blackguard to take you there!" burst in Prime, the blood boiling in his veins.) "Then we waited and waited and he went to hurry them, and then he came back and said they had found more serious damages—that it would take an hour, and meantime dinner had been ordered and was served. He had telephoned to you and the butler had answered all right."

"He's a double-dyed liar!" raved "Gov," furiously.

"And so what could I do, 'Gov?' The dinner was delicious, but I couldn't eat a mouthful. (This time it wasn't Cashton who lied.) I was worrying about you, and—and—about myself, too, 'Gov.' It had set my heart on going with you. It was to be almost our last evening. Oh, if you only didn't have to sail Saturday, and could be here next week, you dear boy, you should have no cause for complaint. Won't you try to forgive me?"

And, actually, tears stood in her eyes, as again she held out both hands. They were the only people in the parlor, and in an instant, with quick, sudden, irresistible action, he had clasped and drawn her to his breast, and though she hid her face and struggled, passionate kisses were printed on her disheveled hair. It was the first time he had dared.

And then he did not sail Saturday. Prime, Sr., was held by most important business. They gave up the Saturday Cunarder and took the midweek White Star, and those four additional days riveted poor "Gov's" chains and left her well-nigh breathless with excitement. The strain had been intense. It was all she could do to make the boy try to behave in a rational way in the presence of others. When alone with her he raved. A fearful load was lifted from her spare little shoulders when the Teutonic sailed. Even Nita had

"Would you like to go to her at once?"

worried and had seen her sister's worry. Then no sooner did "Gov" reach Europe than he began writing impassioned letters by every steamer, but that wasn't so bad. She had several masculine correspondents, some of whom wrote as often as Frank, but none of whom, to do her justice, got letters as often as he did, which, however, was saying little, for she hated writing. "Gov" was to have stayed abroad three months, piloting the pater and sister about the scenes so familiar to him, but they saw how nervous and unhappy he was. They knew he was writing constantly to some one. Mildred had long since divined that there was a girl at the bottom of it all, and longed and strove to find out who she was. Through the last of June and all through July he resolutely stood to his promise and did his best to be loving and brotherly to a loving and devoted sister and dutiful to a most indulgent father. But he grew white and worn and haggard, he who had been such a picture of rugged health, and, in her utter innocence and ignorance as to the being on whom her brother had lavished the wealth of his love, Mildred began to ask herself should she not urge her father to let "Gov" return to America. At last one sweet July evening, late in the month, the brother and sister were wandering along the lovely shore of Lucerne. He had been unusually fitful, restless and moody all day. No letter had reached him in over a fortnight, and he was miserably unhappy. They stopped at a grassy bank that ran down to the rippling water's edge, and she seated herself on a stone ledge, while in reckless abandonment he threw himself at full length on the dewy grass. Instantly the last doubt vanished. Bending over him, her soft hand caressing his hair, she whispered: "'Gov,' dear boy, is it so very hard? Would you like to go to her at once?"

And the boy buried his face in her lap, twined his arms about her slender waist, and almost groaned aloud as he answered: "For pity's sake help me if you can, Mildred, I'm almost mad."

Early in August the swiftest steamer of the line was splitting the Atlantic surge and driving hard for home, with "Gov" cursing her for a canal boat. The day after he reached New York he had traced and followed the White Sisters to West Point, and Margaret Garrison stared in mingled delight, triumph and dismay at the card in her hand; delight that she could show these exclusive Pointers that the heir to one of the oldest and best names in Gotham's Four Hundred was a slave to her beck and call, dismayed to think of the scene that might occur through his jealousy when he saw the devoted attentions she received from so many men—officers, civilians and cadets. Old Cashton came up now as regularly as Saturday night came around, and there were others. Margaret Garrison was more talked about than any woman in Orange county, yet who could report anything of her beyond that she was a universal favorite, and danced, walked, possibly flirted with a dozen different cavaliers every day of her life. There were some few people among her accusers, demure and most proper—even prudish—women, of whom, were the truth to be told, so little could not be said.

"Gov" Prime took the only kind of room to be had in the house, so full was it—a little seven by ten box on the office floor. He would have slept in the coalbin rather than leave her. He saw her go off to the hop looking radiant, glancing back over her shoulder and smiling sweetly at him. He rushed to his trunk, dragged out his evening clothes and stood at the wall looking on until the last note of the last dance—he, a noted German leader in the younger set and the best dancer of his years in Gotham. Not so much as a single spin had he, and he longed to show those tight-waisted, button-bestrewed fellows in gray and white how little they really knew about dancing, well as many of them appeared on the floor. His reward was tendered as the hop broke up. She came gliding to him with such witchery in her upraised face "Now, sir, it is your turn. I couldn't give you a dance, for my card was made out days ago, but Mr. Latrobe was glad enough to get rid of taking me home. He is daft about Nita, and of course she can't let him take her to more than one hop a week. Mr. Stanton is her escort to-night."

Then she placed her little hand on his arm, and drew herself to his side, and when he would have followed the others, going straight across the broad plain to the lights at the hotel, turned him to the left. "I'm going to take you all the way round, sir," she said, joyously. "Then we can be by ourselves at least ten minutes longer."

[To Be Continued.]

KISSED BY THE QUEEN.

Reminiscence of a Bugler Who Was Once Granted Distinguished Consideration.

"To be Knight of the Thistle is a big honor, of course," remarked an old quartermaster sergeant, amidst a discussion among some military men at Chatham, "but I can claim a distinction lots in front of that, or of kissing hands with the queen, as they say of the custom observed by cabinet ministers when taking over the seals of office."

"You're chucking it, mon," observed a stalwart sergeant frae the far north.

"Well," the veteran non-com. went on to explain, "the good fortune which befell me was to be kissed by the queen," an intimation which caused the little party to gather round yet closer.

"You're having us, Jock," observed a credulous corporal, "and if you want the hatchet say so, for the present holder is fair outclassed."

"No," the distinguished soldier, as he claimed to be, contended, "it is you that's out of it, as you will see. You may have heard of my being the youngest bugler that took part in the Crimea, and such fact secured for me a place among the survivors who were inspected by the queen after peace was proclaimed."

"When the wounded went by, some in chairs—"

"Quite so. Well, I was then a little flaxen-haired, red-cheeked youngster, small for my age, and I suppose contrasted a good deal with the worn veterans. When my turn came to pass her majesty asked how old I was, and on replying a little over 13, at the same time giving quite the best salute possible, the queen said: 'Dear little fellow,' and then gave me a kiss on the cheek. So you see how I came to receive a gracious distinction which from generals downward no other soldier has ever been able to lay claim to. That honor's mine alone."—Pearson's Weekly.

A Necessity.

A physician, returning from his daily rounds of visits, overheard two colored citizens conversing as they plodded homeward from their work.

"Is you gwine ter prayer meetin' dis evenin', Jim?" asked one of the pedestrians.

"Yas, indeed! I is dat. Is you?" replied the other.

"You bet I is!" said the first. "I tell you, I considers religion one uv de necessary ebils!"—Memphis Scimitar.

Soldiers and Capitalists.

Records of the war department show that the whole amount paid by the government for its soldiery for all purposes, including bounty, commutations and pensions, since 1861 to June 30, 1899, is $2,658,000,000. Treasury records show that the whole amount paid to the creditors and bondholders since 1861 to June 30, 1899, was $5,768,000,000, or more than twice as much.—Chicago Chronicle.

Terrible Ordeal.

"If you'd been half an hour later," she said, "I don't know what I should have done."

"What happened?" he asked.

"Why, Mrs. Gadding, next door, has been in here with such an extraordinary tale, which she made me promise I would never breath to a living soul, that it has seemed as if I positively couldn't wait for you to come home to tell you about it."—Tit-Bits.

Ordained.

"There is no reason why a politician should not be honest."

"No; it's just one of those things that happens. There is no particular reason why grass shouldn't be black, but it's green, just the same."—Philadelphia North American.

DOESN'T KNOW RIGHT HAND.

Some Women, Says This Account, Find It Difficult to Distinguish Right from Left.

In some of the little things of life women are absurdly ignorant, says the Chicago Chronicle.

"I saw by a paper last week that a colored woman was excluded from testifying in court because she didn't know her right hand from her left, and was, therefore, esteemed too ignorant for her evidence to be of any value," said an observant Chicago man the other day. "Now, do you know I don't believe one woman out of six knows her right hand from her left without stopping to consider the matter.

"I was standing in the foyer of a theater the other day at a matinee watching the audience, mostly feminine, as it passed in. Well, each maid handed her check to the usher and he called out: 'First door to the right,' or 'Second door to the left,' as the case might be. With hardly an exception those girls turned in the wrong direction; then they'd pause to consider, exclaim: 'We're going the wrong way,' and skurry back again.

"This happened so often that I spoke to the usher about it.

"'They always do it,' he replied, laconically. 'I usually point so they'll know the way, but I've neglected to do that to-day. They're all right if they stop to think, but they never do think.'

"I myself know an intelligent young woman who has to make a little motion as if she were writing with both hands before she can determine the right one, and she declares that all her acquaintances are affected in like manner, so, perhaps, this is a general feminine failing, and the colored witness was unjustly excluded."

Ring in Love and Witchcraft.

The ring has figured not only in domestic concerns—in affairs of love and witchcraft—but in church and state. The Greeks of ancient days elevated the ring from a mere bauble to a sentimental distinction, and ever since that time the ring has assumed a significance accorded to no other article of personal adornment. By them it was regarded as a type of eternity, and became the emblem of stability and affection.

Rio Janeiro's English.

The following amusing notice is written in a cemetery at Rio Janeiro in several languages: "Noble mesdames and gentlemen who may desire a dog to follow in this tombyard will not be permission unless him drawn by a cable round him throttle."

WHEAT FOR MACARONI.

A Foreign Industry Which May Be Supplied Soon by American Wheat.

The bureau of foreign commerce has received a letter from Mr. James B. Simpson, of Dallas, Tex., in regard to the wheat which was sent to France to be tested as to its fitness for use in the manufacture of macaroni and similar edible pastes. Mr. Simpson says in part:

"It has been demonstrated beyond question that all northern Texas is perfectly adapted to the growth of the hard, glutinous wheats now in such great demand in France and Italy. The grain I transmitted through your kindness to Consul Covert, of Lyons, upon analysis shows the value of this hard wheat to Texas. With the port of Galveston now open, giving us easy access to Marseilles, this wheat is calculated to revolutionize production here.

"But the difficulty lies in this: Our farmers here through negligence have mixed the hard and the starchy wheats, and we find it almost impossible to obtain the pure hard grain. I did the best I could in sending Consul Covert the two bushels for analysis and in sending five bushels at your request to the Paris exposition, but all had some grains of soft wheat in it. If the farmers here could obtain the Taganrog hard wheat for seed it would be but a few years before Texas would control the French and Italian markets in this hard wheat."

The Notch.

This is known sometimes as the Crawford Notch, to distinguish it from others in the vicinity. It is a beautiful and impressive valley between Willey mountain and Mount Webster, in the White mountains of New Hampshire. It contains the famous Willey house and presents a splendid picture, viewed from the surrounding mountains and hills. Speaking of the view from the top of Mount Willard, Bayard Taylor said: "As a simple mountain pass, seen from above, it cannot be surpassed in Switzerland. Something like it I have seen in the Taurus, otherwise I can recall no view with which to compare it."

Cortege of the Czar.

The czar of Russia's suite consists of 173 persons, of whom 73 are general, and 76 extra aids-de-camp. To the suite belong 15 members of the imperial family; 17 princes of not imperial birth; 17 counts, 9 barons and 11 other noblemen. Their nationalities are: 128 Russians, 30 Germans, 6 Finns, 1 Pole, 4 Circassians, 2 Greeks and 2 Roumanians.

JUDGE WILLIAM H. KING.

The recent special congressional election in Utah, held to choose a successor to Brigham H. Roberts, who was turned down by the house of representatives, terminated in the election of Judge King, the democratic candidate, who ran upon a platform deploring the action of congress in refusing to administer the oath of office to Roberts. The republican convention ignored the Roberts question altogether, and this caused dissatisfaction among the voters of that party who favored a positive utterance against polygamy. The new congressman is a Mormon, but he has never been a polygamist.

WHEELING IN THE FROZEN NORTH.

Oliver Lawson was the first person riding from Dawson City to Skaguay on a bicycle. The entire distance was registered by a cyclometer, with the exception of a boat ride over two lakes, and it was shown to be 324 miles, the first nearly accurate measurement recorded. The ride was accomplished in 14 days. It was not found possible to ride all the way, but Lawson believes that with the lakes frozen and the trails packed hard the time could be reduced to four or five days. The picture here given depicts the adventurer's start and how he carried his baggage.

THAT GOOD LITTLE BOY.

They say he's the best little boy in the town,
He never does anything wrong;
Though he wears an old jacket that's faded and brown,
They say that that he's never been known to frown,
And he's good as the day is long.
And if I am careless or tired of play,
And leave all my toys on the floor,
They make such a fuss, and they always say
That my things had better be given away
To that good little boy next door.

He must be a dreadfully good little boy
If he's like what I've heard them say.
He loves to bring in the cows at night,
And thinks it is silly to play with a kite,
And would rather study than play.
No matter how hard I try to do right,
It's just no use any more;
For it's: "Oh, don't, Teddy!" from morning till night,
And: "Teddy, I wish you were half as polite
As that good little boy next door."

Why is it I hate to go after the cows,
And study at school all day?
Why is it I always break my toys,
And can't get along without making noise?
And why do I like to play?
But if I'm not anxious to pick up the chips,
Or sleep on the garret floor,
Or rock the baby on rainy days,
They always speak of the willing ways
Of that good little boy next door.

I often watch for that good little boy
That I hear so much about;
But I never see his face at the door,
Or hear him talking, and then, what's more,
He never seems to come out.
But I think if I knew him quite well, you see,
And coaxed him to tell me, or
Watched how he does it, it seems to me
That some day or other I really might be
Like that good little boy next door.
—G. E. Billings, in Youth's Companion.

DEVOTED PAPA FROG.

He Holds His Little Sons and Daughters on His Back and Carries Them Wherever He May Go.

Here is the picture of a male frog with the little tadpoles living on its back, discovered lately by Dr. August Brauer, of Marburg, Germany. For a little fellow it has a pretty long name, but perhaps its paternal devotion has earned it the Latin name, arthroleptis seychellensis boettger. It has been noticed before that in some species of frogs living in Venezuela and the island of Trinidad the male bears the young on its back, to which they hold by their mouths. But this new species is the first one on which so many as nine little ones were discovered, and, besides, they do not hold on by their mouths, but seem to be stuck to the papa frog's back and sides by some gummy substance, which holds them in place until they are large enough to care for themselves. Like all tadpoles, these still have the tails, which will soon drop off, and if you look carefully you can see the beginnings of their legs just in

PAPA FROG AND HIS FAMILY.

front of their tails. It is a wonderful device of nature that the female sometimes deposits her eggs on the back of the male, where they hatch out, and the little tadpoles grow until they attain a certain size. Such is, of course, not the case with our common frogs, but in these rare species, only lately found by naturalists, is a strange reversal of what seems to be the usual law that the mother takes care of the young. In this species the eggs are not laid on the back of the male, but on the ground, and only after they are hatched do they take up their position on papa's back. And there they may ride, not for a trot upstairs or through the hall, as little children do, but until they are big enough to walk around and look for their own food. It would hardly be an exaggeration to call this kind of a frog the most paternal of animals.—Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune.

Ants Made a Bridge.

A naturalist found that some black ants were devouring the skins of some bird specimens on a table, so he made tar circles on four pieces of paper and put one under each leg of the table. Pretty soon he found the ants busily at work again, and, looking at the tar circles, found each one was bridged by bits of sand which the clever ants had brought in from the street.

Apt to Give Their Age Away.

Old-time actors and actresses are now having a controversy as to which ones among them appeared in the original production of "Uncle Tom's Cabin." One would naturally think, says the Chicago Times-Herald, that instead of wrangling about it in public the guilty parties would try to keep the matter quiet.

Spain's Generous Boy King.

The young king of Spain always insists on having his pockets filled with coppers before going for a drive, and scatters the coins among the many beggars who crowd round his carriage.

BRUIN WAS CURIOUS.

Bear Examines a Lazy Camper's Bed and Is the Cause of an Unpleasant Awakening.

It was while in the Yellowstone National park that this joke was played upon one of a jolly crowd of young people. The government keeps a great many wild animals at this place, and visitors are not allowed to shoot or even throw stones at them, so they become very tame. The bears in particular, big, clumsy, awkward fellows, loaf around the hotels to eat up everything that is thrown out of the kitchen. At the hotel where this particular party was stopping, one of the brown cinnamon bears would even come up on the porch to sleep, like a big dog, and would now and then go shambling into the office on chilly days and lie down in front of the fire.

Some of the party thought it would be great fun to camp out for awhile, and they got some tents, which they pitched in the woods. One of the party was a lazy kind of a fellow who liked to sleep in the daytime, and almost

AN UNPLEASANT AWAKENING.

every afternoon he could be found snoring away on the cot in his tent.

His friends thought it was about time to stop this after awhile, and they got one of the cub bears, that was really as tame as a big kitten and almost as playful, and one afternoon while the sleeper was tucked up as usual under his canvas cover, they put the cub inside his tent.

Bruin was nearly always hungry, and at first he went sniffing around to find something to eat. But pretty soon he heard the snoring, and at first he was going to clear out, but his curiosity got the better of him, and he went over to the corner in which the cot stood and began hauling at the covers to see what kind of an animal it was that was making such a funny noise.

When the sleeper awoke to find a big bear bending over him, he gave a yell, and a leap that sent young bruin sprawling, and ran away as fast as he could. When he found out the joke that had been played upon him he was "mad as a hornet," but after awhile he could see the fun and laughed with the rest of them. But he wouldn't go out camping any more.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

STOLEN TRADE SECRETS.

How the Mysteries of Some Notable Crafts Were Obtained by Enterprising Competitors.

Few inventions are at present worked secretly, as the patent laws now provide the protection which in olden times was wanting. One hundred years ago whatever a man discovered in the arts or mechanics he concealed. Workmen were put upon their oath never to reveal the processes used by their employers. Doors were kept closed, artisans going out were searched, visitors were rigorously excluded from admission and false operations blinded the workmen themselves. The mysteries of every craft were hedged in by precautions which now appear to be fanciful and silly.

But neither locks nor oaths availed against the ingenuity of envious or inquisitive rivals. One after another trade secrets were revealed, until the wise patent laws did away with all necessity for secrecy. The secret of the manufacture of citric acid was stolen from an old chemist who had a shop near Temple Bar, in London, by a chimney sweep, who dropped down the flue and took good note of the process.

The secret of the manufacture of tinware, which was discovered in Holland and kept a secret for 50 years, was stolen by James Sherman, a Cornish miner.

The history of cast steel presents a curious instance of a manufacturing secret stealthily obtained under the cloak of an appeal to philanthropy.

In 1760 a Sheffield watchmaker became dissatisfied with the watch springs in use, and after many experiments succeeded in making cast steel. In 1770 he had a large factory making this steel. The process was wrapped in secrecy by every means within reach—true and faithful men hired, the work divided and subdivided, large wages paid and stringent oaths administered.

It did not answer. One midwinter night a traveler knocked at the gate. It was bitterly cold, the snow fell fast and the kind foreman gave the wanderer shelter from the storm. He sank upon the floor and soon appeared to be asleep. But in reality he kept his eyes open, saw the whole process, and when he departed in the morning he carried with him the secret of making cast steel.

Great Wheat Granaries.

The British government is discussing the feasibility of building national granaries and storing vast quantities of wheat against the emergencies of war or famine.

Couldn't Stick Willie.

Teacher—Willie, what's the masculine of "laundress?"

Willie Wiseguy—Chinaman!—Brooklyn Life.

UNIQUE CONTRIVANCE.

Used with Great Success by the Inventor in Raising His Lambs by Hand.

First, take a coffee pot holding about one gallon. Take off the ordinary spout, and cover the opening formed securely so that nothing can leak through. Then fasten three spouts on near the bottom of the pot about one and a half inches apart. These spouts should be like tubes, larger at the bottom and tapering to the top, which should be large enough to fit a nipple on nicely. The spouts reach from the bottom up even with the top of the pot and should extend out five inches from the top. Stay each spout to the pot with a tin brace, about three

FOR RAISING LAMBS BY HAND.

inches below the top of the pot. Take a wire about No. 20 and solder around the top of each spout to hold the nipple on. A string tied around the nipple below the rim will hold it securely. Have the bail on the top of the pot to carry it by. Fill the pot with fresh cow's milk, and let the lambs take all they will. Be sure to let the milk get out of his stomach before giving him any more. This will be from four to five hours. Then feed again all the lambs will eat. We have never lost a lamb raised in this way. We can raise them as easily and safely as we can a calf. The advantages of this manner of feeding are:

1. Air follows the milk right down into the pot, and makes a continual flow, and the lamb has only to make the motion and swallow.

2. You pour milk from the pail into the top of the pot.

3. The amount of milk holds the heat.

4. You can put the pot into a kettle of hot water, and have the milk heated in three minutes.

5. You are feeding three lambs at one time.

This is unique and the only successful method I have found of raising lambs by hand. Fed in this way we have had lambs make 54 pounds at seven weeks of age. This feeder had much to do in knocking out the royal winners of England when we met them in the show ring. See sketch of feeder.—S. H. Todd, in National Stockman.

THE HOG INDUSTRY.

Figures Showing That Porkers Are the Most Profitable Stock the Farmer Can Raise.

The last few years have brought the hog industry forward almost, if not quite, on an equal with the cattle industry, although the two industries should go hand in hand. The hog of the past was looked upon as merely a scavenger, and not as an object of profit, unless he could be kept upon food such as no other animal would eat. And in some farmers' estimation they have not advanced one per cent, up to the present time, regardless of the lessons which well conducted experiments have taught the reading farmer. My experience with hogs, although very limited, has proven to my entire satisfaction that hogs are the most profitable stock a farmer can keep. One good brood sow properly handled, will pay for herself twice every year. I have one sow that brought me eight pigs last June. The sow and pigs were kept on alfalfa until August, when the pigs were started on grain. They were given soaked barley first and this was gradually changed to corn. Those pigs were marketed when six months old, and weighed a little over 200 pounds each; they brought me about $65. I have seven more pigs from that sow, that will weigh about 40 pounds each, and she will bring me another litter of pigs in June. Now, this is only one sow, and an average of my herd, but I think it a fair illustration of the profit in a good brood sow upon a farm. Some farmers may say that hogs are more liable to disease than other animals, and this may or may not be true. I have lost a few hogs, but never lost one from cholera or any other contagion that I know of positively, although I have had cholera all around me. My theory for curing this disease is to doctor the pen and not the hogs. I never use one pen or lot longer than six months at a time, and always make it a point to grow some crop each summer on the ground used for hog lots during the winter, and early in the spring I plow my summer lots and sow to oats or barley. This has always been my way of handling hogs, and I have never been bothered with disease. I never shut my hogs in a small pen until a few weeks before putting them on the market.—John Case, in Prairie Farmer.

Frequent and thorough stirring of the cream while ripening will prevent the white specks so frequently seen in butter.

CLOVER SUBSTITUTE.

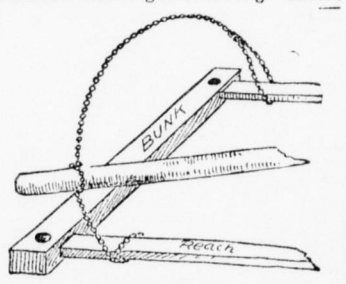
Various Experiment Stations Have Recently Issued Gratifying Reports on the Soy Bean.

The soy or Soja bean is an upright, stiff-stemmed, branching bean, introduced a few years ago from Japan, which is rapidly coming to the front as a most valuable forage plant. It has been grown for several years by the Ohio experiment station with very satisfactory results. Planted on some of our poorest soils, it has produced two to three tons of excellent dry forage or hay per acre, which is eaten with relish by all kinds of stock. As a crop to turn under for green manuring we do not know its equal. As the soy bean is a warm weather plant it should not be planted before the last of May in northern Ohio, nor before the middle in the southern part of the state. When planted for forage it is sown at the rate of a bushel and a half to the acre, on well-prepared land, sowing with the wheat drill with all the runs open. Thus sown it soon covers the ground and there is no trouble from weeds or foxtail. It should be harvested before frost, and cured as hay. The soy bean, like clover, adds nitrogen to the soil, and it is therefore a renovating, instead of an exhausting crop. It is especially suited to take the place of clover in a systematic rotation where the clover has been killed out by severe winters, as is the case at present over a large part of Ohio, or where the spring seeding of clover has failed to catch. The Ohio experiment station has used it in such cases with such good results that it feels justified in urging the farmers of the state to give it a careful trial. There are several varieties of soy beans, some of which will mature seed in Ohio, while others will not. As a rule, the latter class are more valuable for forage, as they make larger growth. The beans, however, which are produced at the rate of ten to twenty bushels per acre, are a valuable feeding stuff, as they are quite high in protein, and to some extent take the place of such materials as linseed meal in the ration. The Kansas experiment station has fed them to fattening hogs with the result of effecting a large saving in the quantity of food required to make a pound of pork, and others report similar results in feeding them to sheep. The experiment station has no seed of these beans for distribution, but it may be procured of most of the principal seedsmen.

HOW TO BIND TIMBER.

Securing a Load of Wood Is Not Hard Work When One Knows Just How to Do It.

To bind a load of logs to a sled, fasten a chain to the near reach, just back of the forward bunk. Throw the other end of the chain over the load and pass it around and under the other reach; also just back of the bunk. Bring it up and fasten to the main part of the chain either by means of a grab hook or by toggling. Now take a stout, tough sapling two inches in diameter and eight feet long. Insert



BINDING TIMBER SECURELY.

the larger end between the chain and the logs on the near side of the sled, with the smaller end pointing to the front. Raise the smaller end perpendicularly, bring it over and bend it down until it is parallel and nearly on a level with the logs. Then by means of a rope or a small chain fasten it to the reach. Next fasten a chain to the off reach just forward of the rear bunk. Throw it over and fasten in precisely the same manner. Insert another sapling, or "twister" as it is called, from behind, and bring it over to the front where it is to be fastened in the same manner as the first. This method of binding, if the chains are tight enough, will hold a load of logs securely over any road and for any length of time. If the chains are too loose, the smaller ends of the twisters will begin to play up and down. Then they must be taken out and the chains tightened. Then the twisters must be inserted and secured as before.—C. O. Ormsby, in Farm and Home.

Teaching Chickens to Eat.

Some people have a good deal of trouble with brooder chicks in teaching them to eat. When they have a hen with them the work is easy, but without a hen the task appears to be difficult. But really there will be no trouble if the owner has a few chicks that have been taught by the old hen or have learned themselves. Simply put some of these young chicks with the others and the lesson will be soon taught.—Myron Jones, in Farmers' Review.

Application of Fertilizers.

When mixing fertilizers no injury will occur if they are applied at once to the soil. Even lime may be added to manure if the manure is spread immediately. It should be the object to work all manure or fertilizer into the soil with the harrow. The soil itself is an excellent absorbent of ammonia, and especially when not too dry, for which reason dry earth or muck may be advantageously used as absorbents in the manure heap.

When sheep gnaw wood and show an inclination to eat substances not on their list of foods, an examination will generally reveal the presence of worms.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.
West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonial free.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Barred Him Out.

"I suppose that Rev. Mr. Sheldon must have endeavored to set up a moral standard for his subscribers during 'Sheldon week,'" remarked a fat ex-Kansan, as he rode with a friend on a South side car, according to the Chicago Inter Ocean.

"How so? It looks reasonable to suppose that the worse a man is the more he needed Sheldon's newspaper," said the other man.

"Humph! Looks that way. But I used to live out in Topeka, and I've subscribed for that paper the last ten years. Well, the week that Sheldon ran it I never received a single copy. Reckon they thought I wasn't fit to receive it."

"Sized you up 'as Jesus would,'" chuckled the friend as he slid off the car.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the Cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Large bottles 25 and 50 cents. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

He—"If I were poor would you still love me?" She—"Why ask? Do I not love you now?" He—"Yes, but riches have wings. To-day I am wealthy, to-morrow I may be poor. Who can tell?" She—"It's the same with love, dear. To-day I love, to-morrow—who can tell?"—Pick-Me-Up.

The Makers of Carter's Ink Say:

"We can't make any better ink than we do; we don't know how to. We can make poorer ink, but we won't." Carter's Ink is the best.

Some people have faith in odd numbers—and the favorite is number one.—Chicago Daily News.

"Turkeys are different from ballot boxes," said Dukane to Gaswell. "Doubtless; but what striking difference had you in mind?" "We prefer our turkeys stuffed."—N. O. Times-Democrat.

Hen Peck—"I want to sue for a divorce." Lawyer—"Has your wife left you?" Hen Peck—"No. She won't."—Baltimore American.

An "Anti."—"I am an 'anti,'" declared Sammy Snaggs, whose father is an ardent expansionist. "You are what?" demanded the elder Snaggs, with great surprise. "I am an anti," repeated Sammy; "an anti-spankationist."—Pittsburgh Chronicle Telegraph.

"Then you have no hope of the coming universal brotherhood of man?" asked the Sweet Young Thing. "Not much hope. I dunno, though. The women may yet drive 'em to it in self-defense," said the Savage Bachelor.—Indianapolis Press.

Hoax—"Those two fellows should make fine soldiers. They are always fighting tooth and nail." Joax—"They don't look it." Hox—"Nevertheless, one is a dentist and the other a chiropodist."—Philadelphia Record.

Tom—"The trouble with me is that I'm a bit hasty in my speech; I should weigh my words." Miss Pepprey—"Yes, do. And don't give such generous measure."—Philadelphia Press.

They have got together, at last. "Sandy loam," the Ultimate Producer is saying, "is the best land to raise sugar beets in." "I dare say the crop exhausts the sand very rapidly," the Ultimate Consumer hereupon observes. Even now they seem not thoroughly to understand each other.—Detroit Journal.

A Shrewd Move.—Tess—"How's your club getting along?" Jess—"O! we're getting a big membership now since we reduced the initiation fee." Tess—"I told you five dollars was too much to expect any woman to pay." Jess—"Yes, we realized that, so we made it $4.98."—Philadelphia Press.

ALABASTINE

LABASTINE is the original and only durable wall coating, entirely different from all kalsomines. Ready for use in white or fourteen beautiful tints by adding cold water.

ADIES naturally prefer ALABASTINE for walls and ceilings, because it is pure, clean, durable. Put up in dry powdered form, in five-pound packages, with full directions.

LL kalsomines are cheap, temporary preparations made from whiting, chalks, clays, etc., and stuck on walls with decaying animal glue. ALABASTINE is not a kalsomine.

EWARE of the dealer who says he can sell you the "same thing" as ALABASTINE or "something just as good." He is either not posted or is trying to deceive you.

ND IN OFFERING something he has bought cheap and tries to sell on ALABASTINE'S demands, he may not realize the damage you will suffer by a kalsomine on your walls.

ENSIBLE dealers will not buy a lawsuit. Dealers risk one by selling and consumers by using infringement. Alabastine Co. own right to make wall coating to mix with cold water.

HE INTERIOR WALLS of every church and school should be coated only with pure, durable ALABASTINE. It safeguards health. Hundreds of tons used yearly for this work.

N BUYING ALABASTINE, customers should avoid getting cheap kalsomines under different names. Insist on having our goods in packages and properly labeled.

UISANCE of wall paper is obviated by ALABASTINE. It can be used on plastered walls, wood ceilings, brick or canvas. A child can brush it on. It does not rub or scale off.

STABLISHED in favor. Shun all imitations. Ask paint dealer or druggist for tint card. Write us for interesting booklet, free. ALABASTINE CO., Grand Rapids, Mich.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 & 3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.

Worth $4 to $6 compared with other makes.
Indorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers.
The genuine have W. L. Douglas' name and price stamped on bottom. Take no substitute claimed to be as good. If your dealer should keep them—if not, we will send a pair on receipt of price and 25c. extra for carriage. State kind of leather, size, and width, plain or cap toe. Cat. free.
W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.
WE USE FAST COLOR EYELETS

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box D, Atlanta, Ga.

DAN GROSVENOR SAYS:

"Peruna is an Excellent Spring Catarrh Remedy—I am as Well as Ever."

Hon. Dan. A. Grosvenor, of the Famous Ohio Family.

Hon. Dan. A. Grosvenor, Deputy Auditor for the War Department, in a letter written from Washington, D. C., says:

"Allow me to express my gratitude to you for the benefit derived from one bottle of Peruna. One week has brought wonderful changes and I am now as well as ever. Besides being one of the very best spring tonics it is an excellent catarrh remedy." Very respectfully, Dan. A. Grosvenor.

Hal P. Denton, Chief National Export Exposition, Philadelphia, Pa., writes: "I was completely run down from overwork and the responsibility naturally connected with the exploitation of a great international exposition. My physician recommended an extended vacation. When life seemed almost a burden I began taking Peruna, and with the use of the fifth bottle I found myself in a normal condition. I have since enjoyed the best of health."

Almost everybody needs a tonic in the spring. Something to brace the nerves, invigorate the brain, and cleanse the blood. That Peruna will do this is beyond all question. Everyone who has tried it has had the same experience as Mrs. D. W. Timberlake, of Lynchburg, Va., who, in a recent letter, made use of the following words: "I always take a dose of Peruna after business hours, as it is a great thing for the nerves. There is no better spring tonic, and I have used about all of them."

For a free book on "Summer Catarrh," address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

"Capt. Cromwell, Landlord of the Broadway Hotel, Cincinnati, O.,) wrote, Nov. 17, 1853,

Palmer's Lotion

has cured me of

TETTER,

of thirty years standing."

Lotion Soap

Prevents and assists in curing all such afflictions. At Druggists only.

Save the Labels

and write for list of premiums we offer free for them.

HIRES Rootbeer

The favorite summer drink

Chas. E. Hires Co. Malvern Pa.

CHICAGO TO OMAHA

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD — MISSISSIPPI CENTRAL VALLEY ROUTE

Double Daily Service

New line via Rockford, Dubuque, Waterloo, Fort Dodge and Council Bluffs. Buffet-library-smoking-cars, sleeping cars, free reclining chair cars, dining cars. Send to the undersigned for a free copy of Pictures and Notes En-Route illustrating this new line as seen from the car window. Tickets of agents of I. C. R. R. and connecting lines. A. H. HANSON, G. P. A., Chicago.

FREE

To successfully introduce our new Cigars in every County, reliable person (either sex), furnished FREE a handsome Musical Box American made. This captivating instrument plays AUTOMATICALLY 1,000 different tunes. Renders to perfection Dance Music, Songs, Jigs or Hymns. For a short time only, we will give same FREE. Send at once. On receipt 10 cents (silver) we will ship PREPAID our Premium offer, and a sample Box of our Cigars. EAGLE MFG. CO., 21 John Street, New York.

In 3 or 4 Years an Independence Is Assured

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

If you take up your homes in Western Canada, the land of plenty. Illustrated pamphlets, giving experience of farmers who have become wealthy in growing wheat, reports of delegates, etc., and full information as to reduced railway rates can be had on application to the Superintendent of Immigration, Department of Interior, Ottawa, Canada, or address the Undersigned, who will mail you atlases, pamphlets, etc., free of cost. F. PEDLEY, Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada; or to M. V. McINNES, No. 2 Merrill Blk., Detroit, Mich.; D. L. CAVEN, Columbus, Ohio.

READERS OF THIS PAPER DESIRING TO BUY ANYTHING ADVERTISED IN ITS COLUMNS SHOULD INSIST UPON HAVING WHAT THEY ASK FOR, REFUSING ALL SUBSTITUTES OR IMITATIONS.

ROOFING The best Red Rope Roofing for 1c. per sq. ft.; caps and nails included. Substitutes for plaster. Samples free. THE FAY MANILLA ROOFING CO., CAMDEN, N. J.

RHEUMATISM Van Buren's Rheumatic Compound is the only positive cure. Past experience speaks for itself. Depot 83 S. California Ave., Chicago.

Use Certain Corn Cure. Price, 15c.

A. N. K.—C 1811

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

Travelers Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.
PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD DIVISION.
In effect Nov. 19, 1899.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM EASTWARD

8 15 A. M.—Train 8 week days for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.23 P. M., New York 9.30 P. M., Baltimore 6.00 P. M., Washington 7.15 P. M. Pullman Parlor car from Williamsport to Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington.

3 15 P. M.—Train 6 week days for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.25 A. M., New York 7.13 A.M. Baltimore, 2:30 Washington, 405. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7:30 A. M.

9 37 P. M.—Train 4 Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 6.52 A. M., New York 9.33 A. M., weekdays, (10.33 A. M. Sunday;) Baltimore 6.35 A. M., Washington 7.45 A. M. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie and Williamsport to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Washington. Passengers in sleeper for Baltimore and Washington will be transferred into Washington sleeper at Williamsport. Passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5:10 A. M.—Emporium Junction—Train 9 weed days for Erie, Ridgway, DuBois, Clermont ank intermediate stations.

10 25 A. M.—Train 3 Daily for Erie and week days for DuBois and intermediate stations.

6 23 P. M. — Train 15, week days for Kane and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR EMPORIUM FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 9 leaves New York 5:55 p. m., Philadelphia 8:50 p. m., Washington 7:20 p. m., Baltimore 8:40 p. m., arriving at Emporium Junction 5:10 a. m., week days, with Pullman Sleepers and passenger coaches, from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport.

Train 3 leaves New York 7.55 p. m., Philadelphia 11.20 p. m., Washington 10.40 p. m, Baltimore 11.55 p. m., daily, arriving at Emporium 10.25 a. m., with Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars from Philadelphia to Williamsport, and passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Williamsport—on Sundays only Pullman Sleepers from Philadelphia to Erie.

Train 15 leaves Philadelphia 8.40 a. m., Washington 7.55 a.m., Baltimore 8.55 a. m., Wilkesbarre 10:55 A. M., week days, arriving at Emporium 6.23 P. M., with Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport, and passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Kane.

RIDGWAY & CLEARFIELD RAILROAD and Connections.

(Week days.)

SOUTHWARD. P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	Stations.	NORTHWARD P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
.....	8 55	4 00	....Renovo....	.....	5 00	11 05
.....	9 47	4 41	...Driftwood...	.....	3 58	10 12
.....	10 25	5 10	Emporium Junc	.....	3 20	9 40
.....	11 08	5 52	....St. Marys...	.....	2 40	9 05
3 50	11 15	6 00	..... Kane.....	12 20	3 10	8 25
4 10	11 34	6 22	....Wilcox.....	11 58	2 47	8 01
4 23	11 49	6 36	..Johnsonburg..	9 55	2 34	7 45
				.....	.....	
4 45	12 10	7 00	...Ridgway,....	9 35	2 15	7 20
4 52	12 17	7 07	..Island Run...	9 28	2 08	7 13
4 57	12 22	7 12	Carman Tr'nfer	9 23	2 03	7 08
5 05	12 30	7 21	.. Croyland....	9 15	1 54	6 59
5 09	12 33	7 25	..Shorts Mills..	9 11	1 51	6 56
5 12	12 36	7 28	...Blue Rock...	9 07	1 47	6 52
5 16	12 40	7 33	.....Carrier.....	9 02	1 43	6 48
5 26	12 50	7 43	.Brockwayville.	8 53	1 33	6 38
5 30	12 54	7 47	...Lanes Mills..	8 47	1 28	6 33
		7 51	.McMinns Sm't.	8 43		
5 38	1 03	7 54	..Harveys Run..	8 39	1 19	6 24
5 45	1 10	8 00	..Falls Creek...	8 35	1 15	6 20
.....	.....	8 10	.... DuBois.....	8 15	1 00	6 05
5 55	1 40	8 33	..Falls Creek...	7 05	12 48	6 15
7 43	1 59	8 45	.Reynoldsville..	6 53	12 38	6 02
7 55	2 16	9 12	...Brookville...	6 15	12 12	5 26
8 25	2 52	9 50	New Bethlehem		11 38	4 40
.....	3 25	10 25	...Red Bank....	.....	11 05	4 00
.....	5 30	12 40	....Pittsburg...	.....	9 00	1 40
.....	P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.

Through Palace Car to Pittsburg on train leaving Falls Creek at 8:33 A. M.; returning on train leaving Pittsburg at 1:40 p. m.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE.

On and after Jan. 1, 1900, passenger trains will depart from Johnsonburg as follows:

NORTH BOUND.

8:48 A. M.—Week days, from P. & E. Station for Mt. Jewett, Bradford and intermediate stations.

2:02 P. M.—Daily, including Sunday, from B. R. & P. Station, Grant Street, Fast Express, solid vestibuled train for Bradford, Buffalo and Rochester, equipped with cafe and reclining chair cars.

4:23 P. M.—Week days, from P. & E. station, for Mt. Jewett, Bradford and intermediate stations.

SOUTH BOUND.

9:12. A. M.—Week days, from P. & E. station for Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois, Punxsutawney and intermediate points.

1:40 P. M.—Daily including Sunday, from B. R. & P. station, Grant Street, Fa t Express, solid vestibuled train for Ridgway, DuBois, Punxsutawney, Butler and Pittsburg, equipped with cafe and reclining chair cars.

6:12 P. M.—Week days, from P. & E. station, for Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois, Punxsutawney, and intermediate stations.

Thousand mile tickets, good for passage between all stations on B. R. & P. Ry., and N.Y.C.& H.R. R., (Penna. Division) at twenty ($20) dollars.

Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before entering the cars. An excess charge of ten cents will be collected by conductors when fares are paid on trains, from all stations where a ticket office is maintained.

EDWARD C. LAPEY, Gen. Pass. Agt. Rochester, N.Y.

TIME TABLE No. 23.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY R. R.

Taking effect June 15th, 1898.

EASTWARD.

STATIONS.		10 P. M.	4 P. M.	6 A. M.	2 P. M.
Port Allegany,	Lv.	3 15	7 18	.....	12 10
Colemau,		*3 23	○○	.....	*12 15
Burtville,		*3 30	7 29	.....	12 22
Roulette,		3 40	7 36	.....	12 30
Knowlton's,		*3 45	○○	.....	*12 33
Mina,		*3 59	7 46	.....	12 40
Olmsted,		4 05	*7 50	.....	*12 44
Hammonds,		○○	○○	.....	*12 49
Coudersport.	Ar.	4 20	7 57	.....	12 53
	Lv.			6 15	1 00
North Coudersport,		.....	.....	○○	*1 05
Frink's,		.....	.....	*6 29	*1 14
Colesburg,		.....	.....	*6 36	1 21
Seven Bridges,		.....	.....	*6 39	*1 24
Raymonds's,		.....	.....	*6 49	1 35
Gold,		.....	.....	6 54	1 41
Newfield,		.....	.....	.....	1 45
Newfield Junction,		.....	.....	7 02	1 50
Perkins,		.....	.....	○○	*1 53
Carpenter's,		.....	.....	○○	*1 56
Crowell's,		.....	.....	*7 10	*1 59
Ulysses,	Ar.	.....	.....	7 18	2 10

WESTWARD.

STATIONS.		1 A. M.	5 P. M.	3 A. M.	
Ulysses,	Lv.	7 32	2 30	10 05	.....
Crowell's,		*7 41	*2 39	*10 15	.....
Carpenter's,		○○	*2 41	*10 18	.....
Perkins,		.....	*2 44	*10 21	.....
Newfield Junction,		7 47	2 46	10 25	.....
Newfield,		*7 51	2 50	*10 30	.....
Gold,		7 55	2 51	10 35	.....
Raymond's		*7 59	2 59	*10 40	.....
Seven Bridges,		*8 11	*3 11	*10 55	.....
Colesburg,		*8 14	3 14	*11 00	.....
Frink's,		*8 22	*3 22	*11 09	.....
North Coudersport,		○○	*3 31	*11 20	.....
Coudersport,	Ar.	8 36	3 36	11 30	.....
	Lv.	8 41	6 00	P. M. 1 20	.....
Hammonds,		○○	○○	○○	.....
Olmsted,		*8 46	*6 06	*1 27	.....
Mina,		8 50	6 10	1 31	.....
Knowlton's,		○○	*6 18	○○	.....
Roulette,		9 00	6 21	1 45	.....
Burtville,		9 08	6 29	2 55	.....
Coleman,		○○	*6 35	○○	.....
Port Allegany,		9 21	6 40	2 35	.....

(*) Flag stations. (○○) Trains do not stop.

Connections—At Ulysses with N.Y.C. & H.R.R. for points north and south, At Newfield Junction with Buffalo & Susquehanna R. R. north of Wellsville, south of Galeton and Ansonia. At Port Allegany with W. N. Y. & P. R. R., north for Buffalo, Olean, Bradford and Smethport; south for Keating Summit, Austin, Emporium and Penn'a R. R., points.

B. A. McCLURE, Gen'l Supt. Coudersport, Pa.

ALL SORTS.

Cleanse the liver, purity the blood, invigorate the body by using DeWitt's Little Early risers. These famous little pills always act promptly. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

H. Clark, Chauncey, Ga., says DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured him of piles that had afflicted him for twenty years. It is also a speedy cure for skin diseases. Beware of dangerous counterfeits. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

"I think DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the best pills in the world," says W. E. Lake, Happy Creek, Va. They remove all obstructions of the liver and bowels, act quickly and never gripe. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Otto Korb, Grand Chancellor, K. P., Boonville, Ind., says, "DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve sooths the most delicate skin and heals the most stubborn ulcer with certain and good results." Cures piles and skin diseases. Don't buy an immitation. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

J. I. Carson, Prothonotary, Washington, Pa., says, "I have found Kodol Dyspepsia Cure an excellent remedy in case of stomach trouble, and have derived great benefit from its use." It digests what you eat and can not fail to cure. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

"No family can afford to be without One Minute Cough Cure. It will stop a cough and cure a cold quicker than any other medicine," writes C. W. Williams, Sterling Run, Pa. It cures croup, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles and prevents consumption. Pleasant and harmless. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

W. H. Shipman, Beardsley, Minn., under oath, says he suffered from dyspepsia for twenty-five years. Doctors and dieting gave but little relief. Finally he used Kodol Dyspepsia Cure and now eats what he likes and as much as he wants, and he feels like a new man. It digests what you eat. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

If you want to Lend Money, Advertise in the PRESS.

An Epidemic of Whooping Cough.

Last winter during an epidemic of whooping cough my children contracted the disease, having severe coughing spells. We had used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy very successfully for croup and naturally turned to it at that time and found it relieved the cough and effected a complete cure.—JOHN E. CLIFFORD, Proprietor Norwood House, Norwood, N. Y. This remedy is for sale by L. Taggart. mar

The common cat-tail, which grows in abundance in this vicinity, has become a valuable article of commerce. The once worthless weeds have largely superseded wool, cotton and hair for mattresses and upholstery, and are said to be admirable substitutes, for the cost is far less than the materials mentioned. The demand exceeds the supply and is increasing.

LOOK YOUNG

Hair-Health is warranted to restore gray, white or bleached hair to its youthful color and beauty. It removes dandruff and stops falling and breaking of the hair. It is not a dye, and will not discolor scalp or clothing. This hair food acts on the roots, giving them the required nourishment and positively produces luxuriant hair on bald heads. Keeps the scalp clean and healthy. Does not rub off and is not greasy.

Hay's Hair-Health, a fragrant hair dressing, bring back original color, *whether brown, black or golden.*

Ask for Hay's Hair-Health and refuse all substitutes. H.H.H. is sold by leading druggists everywhere. Sent by express, prepaid, in plain sealed package by LONDON SUPPLY CO., 853 Broadway, N. Y., also a 25c. cake Harfina Medicated Soap, best soap for toilet, bath, skin and hair. All on receipt of 60c. and this ad. LARGE 50c. BOTTLES. AT ALL DRUGGISTS'.

DEAFNESS & HEAD NOISES CURED

quickly at home by an invisible device; helps ears as glasses help eyes. Music, conversation, whispers heard. No pain. Self-adjusting. Used and endorsed by physicians. Write to F. HISCOX, 853 B'way, N.Y., for illustrated book of testimonials, 48 pages. **FREE**

Dr. Humphreys'

Specifics cure by acting directly upon the disease, without exciting disorder in any other part of the system.

NO.	CURES.	PRICES.
1	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations.	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic...	.25
3	Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults.....	.25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.....	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache.....	.25
9	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo..	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach.	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods.....	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods.....	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness.....	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions..	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains.....	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.....	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20	Whooping-Cough.....	.25
27	Kidney Diseases.....	.25
28	Nervous Debility.....	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed....	.25
77	Grip, Hay Fever.....	.25

Dr. Humphreys' Manual of all Diseases at your Druggists or Mailed Free.

Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price. Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York.

The Place to Buy Cheap
—IS AT—
J. F. PARSONS.

Keeley Cure
Cures Drunkenness. Cures Drug Users.
THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, 4248 Penn Ave., PITTSBURG, PA.
Write for free Booklet.

Additional Local News.

BRIEF MENTION.

About eight hundred people attended the baccalaureate services at M. E. Church last Sunday evening.

Now that spring is at hand, according to the weather prophet, you must have a new sping suit and the place to get your money's worth is at N. Seger's.

Peter Van Brackel, the man who came from Porto Rico this Spring, has gone back home. He says it is too cold here, and some of the people do not show fair treatment to new Americans.

C. R. Baird & Co.'s chief engineer, and other experts, are making extensive examinations of the coal lands near this place. We hope their work may result to the benefit of Cameron county.

The People's National Bank is being organized at Coudersport. No one person or family will be allowed to take a large block of stock until the people have an opportunity to subscribe.

There was a man in our town who was wonderous wise, he moved into the "woolly west" to capture a big prize; but when he found the prize was won, with all his might and main, he scratched around for money to get back home again.

Mr. Fred Herngrist, formerly of this place, and Miss Minnie Anderson, formerly of Gardeau, were married on April 28th at Johnstown. They will, for the present, take up their resicence at Grenier, Pa. We wish the young couple a happy and prosperous future.

The heavy wind Tuesday evening scalped a few chimneys around town, and gave a number of our business men employment cleaning their windows, the wind having completely besmeared them with mud. For about forty-five minutes the gale was terrific, and it is a great wonder that much damage was not done.

Take your own census before the census taker comes around. Do it this spring. Set down the number of acres in each crop, quantity grown and its value. Put down also numbers of live stock, value of products from dairy, poultry, etc. Let it be in black and white when the census agent appears and then you won't have to guess and the 1900 census won't be guess work.—Hammondsport Perald.

The extension of the New York and Pennsylvania railroad from Millport to Shingle House will in all probability be completed this season. All is in readiness to do the work within three months after the right of way is secured. The survey has been made and the line located to Ceres, four miles farther and will be continued an additional five miles to Portville, where it will connect with the Pennsylvania's newly acquired line from Buffalo to Emporium.

The Goodyears have gangs of men working on their branch railroad, which will run from Bailey Run, Potter county, to the P. & E. road, at Sinnamahoning. The engineers have nearly completed the survey of the line, which is about sixteen miles long, they only having about four miles yet before they reach the terminus. The graders are at work on the Bailey Run line, while other gangs are locating the camps, etc. Operations on the line have been in progress about two weeks. The Goodyears by this line will pass through the timber tracts on the Sinnamahoning, and also expect to go into the coal tracts along Dent's Run.—Austin Autograph.

Uncle Sam's family is becoming a large one. There were but 5,300,000 people in America when the century opened. France had five times as many people; Germany and even Austria, had four times America's population; Italy had three times as many, and so had Great Britian. Even Spain had double our number of people, and little Portugal was almost our rival in numbers. We have more people now than any European nation except Russia which alone leads us. We have as many people as live in all Great Britain and France combined. We have one-half more people than Germany. We have, practically, 75,000,000 people in the United States, and 10,000,000 more in our new possessions.

At the regular stated business meeting of the Emporium Chapter Epworth League, last Friday evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, J. A. Johnston; 1st Vice-President, Mrs. S. L. Stoddard; 2d V. P., Mrs. John Pepperman; 3d V. P., Miss Susie Wheaton; 4th V. P., Mrs. J. A. Johnston; Secretary, Miss Hattie Russell; Corresponding Secretary, Geo. Kempher; Treasurer, Miss Myrtle Shaffer; Warden, Miss Lottie Herngrist; Organist, Mrs. J. A. Johnston; Ass't Organist, Miss Hattie Russell; 1st Cornet, J. A. Johnston; 2d Cornet, Chas. Colson; Trombone, O. Proudfoot. Delegate to District Convention, to be held at Milton next month, J. A. Johnston. The anniversary exercises will be Sunday evening, May 20th, at which time the installation of officers will take place.

If you want to Buy Anything,—Advertise in the PRESS

Off to the Wooded Hills.

Several weeks since the Philadelphia Sunday Times presented its readers with a magnificent lithograph in twelve colors by Le Roy. The demand for the issue exceeded the supply by many thousand copys. THE TIMES has secured another painting—a companion piece to the first—by the same artist, entitled "A Blooming Clematis," which is now being lithographed in twelve colors, and which will be given away free with the GREAT OUTING NUMBER of THE TIMES, Sunday, May 13.

Sheet music is issued regularly with THE SUNDAY TIMES. On May 13 "Tripping O'er the Hills," by W. S. Milton, regulation sheet music, with beautifully colored title page, will be given free in connection with the handsome lithograph. Place your order early and you get

An Exquisite Picture.
Sheet Music.
A Magazine Section.
A Forum Section.
An Amusement Section.
A Great Newspaper.

All for 5 cents with The Outing Number of THE SUNDAY TIMES.

Notice.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50 cent bottle of Downs' Elixir if it does not cure any cough, cold, croup, whooping cough or throat trouble. We also guarantee Downs' Elixir to cure consumption, when used according to directions, or money back. A full dose on going to bed and small doses during the day will cure the most severe cold, and stop the most distressing cough. For sale by L. Taggart, and R. C. Dodson. 34-24.

An Immense Press Room.

Just 17,600 square feet of floor space are set apart for printing presses in the building just erected for The Ladies' Home Journal. It is in the rear of the present publication office, eight stories in height, and within a short time will be occupied by the mechanical departments of the magazine. The constant, rapid growth of the Journal's circulation necessitated greatly extended facilities for printing and mailing, and the new structure meets these demands, providing at the same time for future expansion in all departments. Specially designed presses, and all the most improved mechanical devices applied to printing are being added to the Journal's already extensive equipment. It is the aim to make this plant the finest in America.

Woman's Life....

is hard enough as it is. It is to her that we owe our world, and everything should be made as easy as possible for her at the time of childbirth. This is just what

MOTHER'S FRIEND

will do. It will make baby's coming easy and painless, and that without taking dangerous drugs into the system. It is simply to be applied to the muscles of the abdomen. It penetrates through the skin carrying strength and elasticity with it. It strengthens the whole system and prevents all of the discomforts of pregnancy.

The mother of a plumb babe in Panama, Mo., says: "I have used Mother's Friend and can praise it highly."

Get Mother's Friend at the Drug Store, $1 per bottle.

The Bradfield Regulator Co., ATLANTA, GA.

Write for our free illustrated book, "Before Baby is Born."

The Cure that Cures
Coughs, Colds, Grippe,
Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis and Incipient Consumption, is
OTTO'S CURE
The GERMAN REMEDY
Cures throat and lung diseases.
Sold by all druggists. 25&50cts

R. C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa.

PATENTS DESIGNS TRADE-MARKS AND COPYRIGHTS OBTAINED
ADVICE AS TO PATENTABILITY FREE
Notice in "Inventive Age"
Book "How to obtain Patents"
Charges moderate. No fee till patent is secured. Letters strictly confidential. Address, E. G. SIGGERS, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C.
v3n042-1y

MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS

They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. $1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

Forsale by L. Taggart, Emporium, Pa.

EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, $1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

For sale by R.C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa.

C. G. SCHMIDT'S,
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Popular Bakery,
FRESH BREAD, PIES, FANCY CAKES, ICE CREAM, NUTS
CONFECTIONERY
Daily Delivery.
All orders given prompt and skillful attention.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

C. B. HOWARD & COMPANY.

DRESS GOODS.

Pretty, good and cheap. We can only extend to you an invitation to come and see our goods. Printers' ink cannot tell the story. We will say this, however, if you want good value for good money you should see our assortment.

CORSETS.

Several good kinds here. We pay particular attention to our corset stock. We select those brands which in our opinion are the best. One thing is certain, no mean, miserable corsets are here and our prices are down to the lowest notch.

GLOVES.

A new $1.00 glove Here's good news for you. We've secured the very best kid glove we have been able to find, to retail at $1.00. It's here awaiting your verdict. Won't you come and pass on it.

HOSIERY.

Some especially good values. When a manufacturer over-produces then he's pretty sure of loosing some money. And incidently sombody is bound to profit by it. You are invited to share in some lots of exceptionally good hosiery at exceedingly low prices

C. B. HOWARD & COMPANY.